The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

VOL. III, NO. 124 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about		Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
SATURDAY.					
29th	May	Kashmir	9000	....	..
5th	June	Mooltan	10000	....	..
12th	,,	Arabia	8000	....	..
19th	,,	Salsette	6900	Moldavia....	10000
26th	,,	Kaisar-i-Hind .	11500	..	..
SUNDAY.					
4th	July	Salsette	6000	Egypt	8000
11th	,,	Khyber.....	9000	....	..
18th	,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
25th	,,	Caledonia	8000	....	..
1st	August	Salsette	6000	Mongolia ...	10500

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkon and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders	Tons	Arrival.	Departur
Tosan Maru ...	V. Nakano ..	3886	14th May	25th May
Bombay Maru	G. Ota	4625	24th May	4th June
Jinsen Maru ..	T. Terada	3784	30th May	11th June
KanagawaMaru	K. Hizo	6238	17th June	29th June
KamakuraMaru	S. Nishimura	6126	26th June	2nd July

For Freight apply to:—

E. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants, and Contractors.

GADAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.
Head Office: BOMBAY.
FUNDS EXCEED Rs. 1,00,00,000.
The low Premiums and liberal conditions of the
EMPIRE OF INDIA
Offer exceptional advantages to intending Assurers.
Prospectuses, proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co
Manages.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassars.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI.
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)

SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
City of Poona ..	7474	22nd May	..
City of Calcutta ..	7036	..	27th May
City of Sparta * ..	5415	..	12th June
City of London ..	6000	22nd June	....
City of Lahore ..	6947	22nd June	..

*This steamer (City of Sparta) is not fitted with wireless telegraphy.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	999	..	737

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.
DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK.
BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA,
OR BALTIMORE.
For Further particulars regarding freight Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,175,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.
Post Box 151.

Whoever has tried Zymole Trokeys never goes without them. Every day their popularity increases, simply because they do just what is claimed for them. 10

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMER as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels	Tons.	Sailing date.	Time.	Routes.
"LINGA,"	2,185,	Friday 28th May		†Direct.

†On arrival of the English Mail.

T. S. "LINGA," 2,185 tons, after arrival of English Mail steamer on Friday, 28th May connecting at Karachi with S. S. "KASARA," (Passengers only) for Muskat, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "RAHMANI" on or about 29th May calling at Karachi, Bunder Abbas, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "CHAKDINA", 3,035 tons on or about 28th May, calling at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "PUNDUA," 3,305 tons, on or about 7th June, calling at Mombassa and Zanzibar.

FOR RANGOON.

S. S. "OZARDA," 4,791 tons on or about 27th May calling at Malabar ports, Tuticorin, Colombo Pondicherry and Rangoon.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.
Bombay.
26th May, 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.
APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Castalia"	6388	Capt. Wm. Kelso	3rd June 1915
S. S. "Olympia"	6124	J. L. Henderson	about middle of July, 1915.

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notication will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor, Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

F. CORNAGLIA
BOMBAY & POONA.
SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.
Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments
ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION
F. CORNAGLIA
Importer of High Class Stores and Wines,
83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY
and
Arsenal Road, POONA.
Telegrams, CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ...	£ 900,000
Reserve Fund	£ 55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.
Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 3,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

If the muscles of the throat are strained a cold is very easily contracted. Zymole Trokeys will prevent this; they are just the thing for hoarseness and irritating coughs. 26

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd
(SCOTLAND)
B. O C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.	B. O. C. PITCH.
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:
SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.
P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439

BROADWOOD'S.
THE
ENGLISH PIANO
FOR
AN ENGLISHMAN'S HOME

Upright Models—Rs. 780/-, Rs. 950/-, Rs. 1,100/-, & Rs. 1,300/-. Horizontal Grands—Rs. 1,650/- & Rs. 1,950/-.

The musical characteristics of BROADWOOD'S instruments are far in advance of those of the usual construction of Pianos, and they possess every quality desired by the most exacting musician.

Broadwood's Steel Barless models, both Grand and Upright, are entirely new departures in Piano construction. Like so many other great BROADWOOD improvements is a beautiful simplification of design, and at the same time immensely facilitates the production of tone-quality of hitherto unattainable purity and breadth. Their latest tropical models are now on view at the

Sole Agents for
JOHN BROADWOOD AND SONS,
MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

RELIABLE BOOTS FOR MONSOON WEAR.

Black Rs. 16-8 } Nett.
Tan „ 17-8 }

In spite of the enormous increase in the price of all English leathers we are able, owing to our holding large stocks at the outbreak of war, to offer these Boots at the exceptionally low price quoted.

This is a Boot that we can thoroughly recommend.

Badham, Pile & Co. Ltd
BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan)
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	„ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 19,600,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein	Linoyang	Pekin
Changchun		Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Dairen (Dalney)		London	San Francisco
Hankow		Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin		Tengtien	Tiehling
Hong Kong		(Mukden)	Tientain
Honolulu		Nagasaki	Tokyo
Kobe		Newchwang	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)		New York	
		Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 267
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 26,81,500
Capital Paid Up	Rs. 13,14,275
Reserve Fund	Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE HUP OF THE UNIVERSE—The 1915 Hupmobile is the best value offered in American Cars. A trial will convince you. Agents—
THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR Co., Ltd.,
Elphinstone Circle and Apollo Bunder,
531—1 Bombay.

LESSONS in Piano, singing and society dances given by a lady. Good tuition. Apply to Box No. 376 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 814

LOST one SMALL VELVET BAG, violet colour between Watson's Hotel and Churchgate Street on 25th May. Finder will be recompensed. Please write to MADAM ALVARER, 81, Watson's Annexe. 815

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—FOR CRUSHED STONE and DUST. Large stock for immediate delivery F. O. R. Bombay. Apply to:—
S. D. KAPADIA,
659 82, Nagdevi Street, Bombay.

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
4b, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 765

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 832

SANITARY WARES SUPPLIERS.—ABUSBHOY ABDULALLY, largest dealer in Sanitary sundries, Cast Iron, Rain Water, Soil and Lead and W. I. Galvanized and Earthenware Pipes and Fittings, Brass Taps, Tiles, Lavatories, etc., etc., 198, Nagdevi St. 524

CHIRABAZAR TUITION CLASS prepares efficiently and most successfully students for BOOK-KEEPING & ACCOUNTANCY with GUARANTEED results and at moderate rates. Postal tuition and tuitions at students' HOMES undertaken. Apply
170 130, CHANDANWADI, Bombay.

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

PIANOS:—Mr. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connection with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454

MOTOR ACCESSORIES with the BOTAX Trade mark leave nothing to be desired, and give distinction to the car.
Sole Agents:—
THE AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD.,
New Queen's Road,
Bombay.
Telephone:—No. 2180.
Telegrams:—"Aeroplane" Bombay.
7

WANTED.

WANTED.—By European family in Wodehouse Road, to supply good outside board, 1st class cook 2 meals Rs. 50 p.m., for 2 Rs. 90. House facing Hotel Majestic. Apply to Box No. 510, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED an Experienced and qualified DISTRICT ENGINEER for the District Board of Saran on a monthly salary of Rs. 700, rising to Rs. 800, on approved service, by annual, increment of Rs. 25, with 1st class Travelling Allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. No one need apply who is not qualified under Bengal Government Notification No. 3334 L. S. G. dated 20th December 1901, as amended by Notifications No. 1198 T. M. dated 18th June, 1906, and No. 891 T. L. S. G. dated 23rd September, 1911. The selected candidate will have to join at once.

Applications from candidates must be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman District Board, Saran, P. O. Chapra, B. and N. W. Ry., and superscribed "Application for Appointment of District Engineer." Each application must be accompanied by all necessary certificates and testimonials, together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration, in which they can be returned, in the event of the application being unsuccessful.

Applications will be received by the undersigned upto the 20th June, 1915.

The selected candidate will remain on probation for one year and must occupy the District Engineer's Bungalow belonging to the District Board on payment of a monthly rent calculated under the P. W. D. Code Rules.

G. CHANDRA,
For Chairman, District Board, Saran.
Chapra, the 18th May, 1915. 183

WANTED.

WANTED A GRADUATE for the Proprietary. High School, Ahmedabad. Apply stating terms to the Proprietors. 770

WANTED—By educated Frenchman, pupils for French. Ladies and gentlemen desirous of learning the language quickly and thoroughly, please apply to Box No. 510 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 106

WANTED immediately an experienced BANDMASTER. Free quarters offered and pay Rs. 200—250 per month. Apply with testimonials BAND PRESIDENT, 123rd Outram's Rifles, Shillong, Assam. 185

WANTED.—PATIENTS suffering from Nervous debility of any kind, Treated, strictly confidential, by a specialist of good reference. Apply to Box No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 516

WANTED a VETERINARY SURGEON of ten years' practical experience. Apply with testimonials and other particulars to—
THE PRIVATE SECRETARY,
To H. H. The Maharajasaheb of
742 Bhavnagar-Kathiawar.

WANTED—GRADUATES & UNDER-GRADUATES to teach Science, Mathematics and Persian. To join from 15th June. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to the
SUPERINTENDENT,
New High School,
775 Godhra, Panchmahals.

WANTED for the office of the Sanitary Engineer, Burma, an ASSISTANT ENGINEER on a salary of Rs. 300 per mensem with Rs. 50. Burma allowance under the usual conditions governing Temporary Service.

Applications with copies of College and other certificates, properly attested, stating age and qualifications should reach this office before the 15th June, 1915.

Preference will be given to the applicant having a theoretical and practical knowledge of water works, drainage, town planning design and construction.

The successful candidate will be required to sign a Public Works Department Temporary Service Declaration.

Applicants who are at present in service should submit their applications through the officer under whom they are employed.

J. M. FARQUHAR PETTERS,
M.Inst.C.E.,
184 Sanitary Engineer, Burma.

PORT HEALTH DEPARTMENT, RANGOON, Burma.—WANTED an ASSISTANT PORT HEALTH OFFICER for the Port Health Department, Rangoon, Burma. Candidates must be Graduates in Medicine and Surgery of a British or Indian University or Diplomates of a British Medical College or Faculty, or Licentiates of an Indian University and must have a sound knowledge of infectious diseases. Preference will be given to applicants: (1) between 25 and 35 years of age, (2) and holding the Diploma in Public Health, and (3) producing evidence of having held a similar appointment before or of having held another Sanitary appointment (or an appointment at an infectious diseases hospital) and producing certificates detailing length of experience of infectious diseases, and (4) who are of unmixed European parentage, but applications from qualified medical men not possessing these qualifications will also be duly considered.

The appointment is a temporary one and does not give any claim to furlough or pension and is terminable with one month's notice on either side. Leave in accordance with Civil Service Regulations is permissible. The salary is Rs. 470 per mensem and the officer appointed will not be permitted to engage in private practice. Written applications should be forwarded together with (1) copies of Diplomas, (2) Certificate of age, (3) not more than 3 of the latest certificate of work done (4) certificates of absolute sobriety (total abstainer preferred), and (5) statement of parentage. All verified and countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of the District in which applicant resides from (6) a medical certificate of thorough physical fitness for the duties required should also be obtained from this officer and forwarded. Apply to THE PORT OFFICER, Rangoon, so as to reach him by 1st July, 1915. 189

WANTED for the Office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Gujarat Registration District, a HEAD CLERK on a salary of Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 125 by annual increments of Rs. 5.

The post is pensionable and the prospects of leave according to the Civil Service Regulations.

Candidates applying for the post must have a sound knowledge of English and Gujarati and be good at statisical work.

Preference will be given to Graduates in Arts, who have had some experience in a Government Office.

Candidates who are not in Government Service already should not be over 25 years of age.

Selected candidates will have to appear before the Undersigned for an interview at Ahmedabad at their own expense.

The candidate selected for the post, if not in Government service, will have to appear before the Civil Surgeon, Ahmedabad, and produce a certificate of fitness before he is appointed to the post.

The appointment will be on probation for a year.

If the candidate has been selected from some other branch of Government Service he will be required to relinquish his lien on that department on being confirmed.

Applications in the candidate's own handwriting, stating his age, nationality and qualifications together with copies of not more than three testimonials, or a recommendation from his superior officer, should reach the Undersigned before the 20th June, 1915.

JAMSHYD MUNSIFF,
M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., D.P.H.,
Deputy Sanitary Commissioner,
Gujarat Registration District.
Ahmedabad, 21st May, 1915. 190

WANTED.

WANTED—Chemist's Assistant, qualified, not over 30. Good opportunity for a smart man, Apply with references.—J. BLISS, Karachi. 171

WANTED immediately two teachers; one for Standard IV the other for Kindergarten—Apply, stating training and experience, to THE PRINCIPAL of the Baldwin Boys High School, Bangalore. 172

WANTED for Madras, an EUROPEAN with a knowledge of timber, to take charge of a Depot. Apply by letter stating salary required, and enclosing copies only of testimonials to Box No. 375 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 810

WANTED a GRADUATE with science, strong in English preferred pay Rs. 60—5—80. Applications are invited upto the 1st June, 1915. MANAGER, New English School, Nadiad 796

WANTED at once for an Electrical Engineering Firm an ASSISTANT STOREKEEPER. Good prospects to one who could really make himself useful. Apply with particulars of experience to Box No. 377 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 816

STRUCTURAL DRAUGHTSMAN WANTED by firm of Constructional Engineers in Bombay. Only those who are well up in calculations and structural design and who are thoroughly experienced need apply. Time of attendance 9-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. Apply to Box No. 374, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 807

WANTED Candidates desirous of being prepared for the Government Accountancy Diploma Examination. Subjects: ACCOUNTANCY, AUDITING, MERCANTILE LAW, &c. Holders of University Certificates are eligible. Term: Two Years. Names are now registered at Reduced Fees. Apply S. A. SHARANGDHAR, 53, Medows St., Fort, Bombay. 809

WANTED—For the Christ Church Coll. School, Cawnpore, from July next: (1) a B. Sc. to teach Science and Mathematics in the High Sec.; (2) a graduate strong in English and History. For the second post a Christian and L. T. will be preferred.—Apply sharp with testimonials to the MANAGER, stating salary expected. 192

WANTED for the Shire Highlands Railway Nyasaland, Limbe, in British Central Africa two LOCOMOTIVE FITTERS and one Goanese ENGINE-DRIVER, on a three years' agreement. Salary £6 plus £1-1-0 per mensem for Fitters and £10 consolidated per month for Driver. Free return passage, free medical attendance and free quarters. Applicants must apply with original certificates. 184

WANTED—A few GRADUATES to work as ASSISTANT MASTERS, in the High School, Khairpur-Mir's. Initial salary from Rs. 60 to Rs. 100 according to qualifications and experience. One of the applicants should be a B.Sc. or a B.A. with science as his voluntary subject. Apply sharp, with copies of testimonials, to—
ABDUL MAJID DARESHANI, Esq. MA.,
Principal, High School, Khairpur-Mir's.
Khairpur-Mir's, 13th May, 1915. 727

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroa may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 662

BONAFIDE AUCTION of Messrs. G. Graham and G. Bisham's Very High Class Furniture, opposite Colaba Station, on FRIDAY, 28th May at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Best Drawing Room Suite, Cabinet and Side Board. 817

FOR SALE—British Standard A 2½ H.P. MOTOR CYCLE, with new Tyre and X L seat with horn, lamp, tools sets and bag complete. Hardly used 1000 miles. Rs. 400 or nearest offer. Apply W.E., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 162

FOR SALE—MANGOES, best ALPHONSO, Rs. 3, Rs. 4/8, Rs. 6; PAYAREE Rs. 2, Rs. 3 Rs. 4/8 per dozen. All other fruits, vegetables, fish, ice, etc., at market rates. Order with cash or V.P.P.
DHOBLE & CO.
673A Crawford Market Bombay.

FOR SALE—20 Miles of RAILWAY TRACK 2/6" Gauge, complete with Iron Sleepers, and 2 Locomotives same gauge, 20 H.P. Six-wheel coupled, and 9 Bogie Trucks with Spring Axle Boxes and Brakes all complete. Also 5 (five) Miles of LIGHT RAILWAY TRACK 2" gauge section 10 lbs. per yard, complete with Iron Sleepers, also 50 Tipping Wagons 2' gauge with roller bearings. All offered owing to completion of contract. Full particulars and prices on application to Messrs. PALLONJEE EDULJEE & Son, Contractors, Khetwadi, Bombay. 514

FOR SALE—ONE ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT to lift 10 cwts. to a height of 50'—8½" complete with Motor, Gearing, Collapsible Gates, Indicater Board, etc., by "Smith and Stevens." London and Manchester. Patent Stevens and Major's system."

One Electric Goods Lift to carry 5 cwts to a total height of 50'—8½" including motor etc., and the necessary Cage, Steel Gates and Indicator Board, by "Arch Smith and Stevens" in good working order, for immediate disposal; offers to include cost of dismantling. Apply to Box No. 365, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 767

TO BE LET.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR at 13, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum. Apply to Mr. K. D. RAVAT, on the above address. 806

TO LET.—DEVLALI, CAMP VIEW, Nasik Road, large bungalow, well furnished, water laid. Apply JAMSHED & Co., Devlali. 123

TO LET.—TOP FLOOR, No. 3, Club Road, behind the Byculla Club. Electric Lights. Apply to C. A. R. BAHADURJI, 14, Hummum Street, Fort, 731

GARAGE.—A few rooms for Motor Cars available separate for each car, centrally situated in Fort. Apply sharp to Box No. 364, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 766

TO LET—Healthy and most airy four sides open flats, Opposite Taj Mahal Hotel, fitted with electric light and fan and tiled upto date style. Apply Box No. 350, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle." 675

MAHABALESHWAR—Well furnished bungalows, including Sandhurst Castle and St. James' Cottage, To Let. Apply to:—
ADARJEE BROS
328 House Agents.

DEOLALI—To let—NADKARNI VILLA and NADKARNI LODGE well-furnished with extensive compound. Apply to EXECUTRIX of late Rao Bahadur G. N. NADKARNI, Jambulwadi Kalbadevi Bombay. 653

TO BE LET—TOP FLOOR of MATILDA BUILDING, Sussex Road, next to Victoria Gardens, furnished or unfurnished, for six months from 1st June. Flat consists of four bed-rooms sitting and dining room; a kitchen, veranda surrounds building, facing west: Modern conveniences. For further particulars, apply to Mr. PERRY, on premises. 190

BOARD and RESIDENCE, available for married couple or bachelors in an up-to-date flat on the Colaba Reclamation, electric light and fans, all modern appointments. Separate bathroom to each room, excellent cuisine. Apply to Box No. 520, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 170

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the UNITED KINGDOM of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND and of the British Dominions beyond the seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and credits standing in the name of DHARAMSI DEOSI, as a member of a joint Hindu family late of Balambha in the Nawanagar State Lohana Hindu Inhabitant Railway Contractor ..... Deceased

DAMJI DEOSI, brother of the deceased abovenamed also Balambha in the Nawanagar State Lohana Hindu Railway Contractor at present residing at Wad Gadi Street in the City of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and fifteen and in the sixth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 17th day of May 1915.
Messrs. PAYNE & Co.,
813 Petitioner's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of AMRITLAL NARAYANDAS, late of Bombay Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant a Stamp Vendor ..... Deceased

BAI GOMTI, widow of the said AMRITLAL NARAYANDAS, of Bombay Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant residing at Bhuleswar outside the Fort. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord. One thousand Nine hundred and fifteen and in the sixth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
The 13th day of May, 1915.
Messrs. MALVI HIRALAL MODY & RANCHODDAS,
812 Petitioner's Attorneys.

INQUIRY?
Which is your Dolly of the Dailies?
"The Times," "Chronicle," "Advocate" or————?

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. RANCHHODDAS BHAIDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon, or in respect of the said hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay and also to the undersigned at their office at No. 4, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay within 15 days from the date hereof at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claim or claims if any and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY—All that piece of parcel of quit and ground rent tenure land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being on the Southern side of Maruti alias Hanuman Lane, Fort, Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 83 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 440 New No. 5470 Old Survey No 774 New Survey No. 9183 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No 2455 and Street Nos 75-77 and bounded as follows that is on or towards the East by the property formerly of M. F. Ghadially but now belonging to Bhavaser Vallabhdas Hurjiwandas; on or towards the West by the property hereunder secondly described and belonging to the vendor on or towards the North by the Hanuman alias Maruti Lane aforesaid and on or towards the South by the sweepers passage beyond which is the property of Jain Apasara.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent tenure land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being on the Southern side of Maruti alias Hanuman Lane, Fort, Bombay, in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 80 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 440 New No 5469 Old Survey No 775 New Survey No. 9182 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2454 and Street Nos. 71-73 and bounded as follows, that is, on or towards the West by the property of the vendor hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the West by the property of Pestonji Bamonji Mistry and on or towards the South by the sweepers passage beyond which is the Jain Temple premises and on or towards the North by the said Maruti alias Hanuman Lane aforesaid and both the said premises are now in the possession of the vendor who recovers the rents and profits thereof.

Dated this 25th day of May 1915.
H. M. MEHTA,
for Messrs. MALVI HIRALAL MODY & RANCHODDAS,
817 Purchasers' Attorneys.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

FOR the convenience of the travelling public arrangements have been made to despatch the fast and commodious s.s. "Juba" from Bombay, Mody Bunder, to Humai, Jaigad (Dhamankhol), Ratnagiri (Mirya Bay), Vijaidurg, Dewgad, Malwan, and Vengurla on the following dates.

TUESDAY 25th May 1915 11-0 a.m.
THURSDAY 27th May 1915 3.30 p.m.
SUNDAY 30th May 1915 11-0 a.m.
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
24th May, 1915. Agents. 805

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

(Incorporated in England)

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and from 1st June, 1915, the timings of certain of the Passenger Trains on the G. I. P. system will be altered.

For full particulars see Sheet Time Table at stations or apply to Station Masters or to the undersigned.

W. LAIDLAW,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 22nd May, 1915. 783

AUCTION SALE

MESSRS. BAILEY & CO.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, 26TH INSTANT, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Messrs. BAILEY and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms, Lipton Buildings, Apollo St. Fort, THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) a lot of Japanese curiosities consisting of awata, and other sorts of vases, jars, cords, teapots, cups and saucers, figures and other sundry articles, picture post cards of good design, assortment of pictures and engravings and panels, and a lot of furniture, such as chairs, tables, cupboards, show cases, post card stands, organ, brass bed, etc.

The goods are on view.

BAILEY, & Co.,
Lipton Buildings,
Apollo Street, Fort.
Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

JIVAJEE SORABJI & CO

No. 16, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from the Executive Engineer Presidency Bombay, Messrs. JIVAJEE SORABJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, the above materials on WEDNESDAY, the 26th May, 1915, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Parel, Old Government House.

Further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned.

JIVAJEE SORABJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

MESSRS. D'LAL M. & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT THE WEST SIDE OF DUNCAN ROAD.

By order of under instructions from Messrs. Jehangir Seervai Minocheher and Hiralal Attorneys for Dr. Hari Waman Bhat the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Vithaldas Govind Raja the Mortgagor and of all other persons interested in the equity of redemption of the property comprised in the Indenture of Mortgage hereinafter mentioned Messrs. D'Lal M. & Co., Auctioneers will sell the undermentioned property by public auction on the premises THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of May, 1915, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), pursuant to the Power of Sale reserved to and vested in the Mortgagee under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 18th day of November, 1913, and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement and chawls standing thereon situate lying and being on the West side of Duncan Road outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1256 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2840 and 3008 New No. 9823 Old Survey Nos. 2/2148, 3/2140 and 4405 and New Survey No. 5678 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531 and 532 and Street Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 and 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412 and 414 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Duncan Road aforesaid on or towards the West by Stable Street on or towards the North by a sweepers passage and beyond it by the property of Esufali Gulam Husein and Fazal Husein Gulam Husein and on or towards the South by a sweepers passage and beyond it by the property of Khoja Kurin, Ramji.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Jahangir Seervai Minocheher and Hiralal Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office No. 25 Ash Lane Fort, or to the undersigned.

D'LAL M. & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 85, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF THE MILLS BELONGING TO THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA SPINNING AND WEAVING COY., LTD., SITUATED IN HUBLI.

Under instructions from the Liquidators of the Southern Mahratta Spinning and Weaving Coy., Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th May, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), in one lot:—

All the freehold and leasehold lands together with the buildings standing thereon and all the machinery such as boilers, engines, spindles, looms, machinery, tools, etc., and other appliances as well as stocks of yarn and cloth, stores and book debts.

For further full particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Office of Messrs. Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd., or the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BALES WASTE WATER DAMAGED COTTON PICKINGS, WILLOWED AND UNWILLOWED.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th May 1915, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at Jeewanjee Press, Gorupdeo Road, Mazagon, by order of the liquidator of Messrs. W. Wolf and Sons, the following goods:—

100 bales water damaged cotton pickings, willowed and unwillowed.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY the 28th May, 1915, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises, the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Buildings street Nos. 21, 129, 142, 137 10, 6, Case Nos. 10, 88, 139, 142, 189, 205, Agripada, Byculla Tank and Haines Road passage.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. Ry. LISTS

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 350 TONS WALLACE INDIAN RANGOON FIRST CLASS AND MOULMIN FIRST CLASS SELECTED TEAK SQUARES.

On THURSDAY, the 27th May, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Auction, at Sewri Bunder by order of Messrs. Sitaram Jainarayan and on account of the consignors.

About 200 tons Wallace Indian Rangoon First Class and Moulmin First Class selected Teak Squares.

Also by order of Seth Gangabux Juggannath.

About 150 tons Moulmin First Class selected Teak Squares.

IN CONVENIENT LOTS.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

Digitized by National assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort,

Telephone No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES OPPOSITE THE COACH-FACTORY OF MR. NUSSERWANJI LELINWALA AT GIRGAON ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. N. Perozshaw and M. S. Ezekiel, Commissioners appointed under a Consent Decree made in High Court consolidated Suits Nos. 842 of 1912 and 1167 of 1912 Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th May, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises the following properties belonging to the Estate of the deceased Katoonai, widow of Sesari Miya and deceased Hasoobai daughter of Sesari Miya.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

LOT No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure situate on the east side of Girgaon Road, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring about 129.75 square yards, and forming portion of a large holding assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 1/798, old No. 92, New Survey No. 3/7737 and old Survey No. 557 and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Street No. 667 and "D" ward No. 286 (1) and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north partly by the property under Lot. No. 2 and partly by the property of the Municipality of Bombay, on or towards the south by the property of the Luxmi Narayen Temple, on or towards the east by the property of B. K. Wagle and M. B. Wagle, on or towards the west partly by the said Girgaon Road and partly by the property under Lot 2.

LOT No. 2.—All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure situate on the east side of Girgaon Road outside the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay admeasuring about 87.79 square yards and forming the remaining portion of the larger holding assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 1/798, old No. 92, New Survey No. 3/7737 and old Survey No. 557 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Street No. 667 A and "D" Ward No. 286 (2), and bounded on the north by the property of the Municipality of Bombay on the south by the property under Lot No. 1 and firstly described on the east by the property under Lot No. 1 and on the west by the said Girgaon Road.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Unwala Pirozshaw and Papa, Solicitors for the said Commissioners at their office in Meadows Street, Fort, or to Messrs. Patel and Ezekiel, Solicitors for the Executors of Hosoobai, deceased or to the undersigned.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3-30 P.M.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN 1/3 SHARE OF THE MORTGAGOR IN VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT RAMPART ROW IN BOMBAY AND AT MANKOORD IN THANA DISTRICT.

Under instructions from Mr. Nursey Virji, the mortgagee and on account and at risk of Gopalji Kalianji, the mortgagor, and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under an Indenture of 2nd mortgage, dated the 21st day of November, 1911, made between Gopalji Kalianjee of the one part and the said mortgagee of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th May, 1915, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, all the right title and interest of the said mortgagor in 1/3 share in the following landed properties:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuages, tenements or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the south side of Rampart Row, Fort, in the Island of Bombay, and in the Sub-District of the Registrar of Bombay, containing by admeasurement as per Deed of Conveyance in favour of the mortgagor 146 4/9 square yards but as per Collector of Land Revenue Records 164 7/9 square yards or thereabouts be the same little, more or less and bounded on the north by the said Rampart Row, on the east by a passage and partly by the property hereinafter secondly described on the south partly by the property of Mowji Khimji and partly by a passage and on the west by a public well and which said hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the mortgagors and their tenants and the said land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 793, New Nos. 6014 and 6015, Old Survey No. 1316 and New Survey No. 8492 and the messuage and tenements thereon are assessed by the Municipality under Street Nos. 162-164-165, and Ward "A" No. 1988.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the west side of the said Rampart Row in the Island of Bombay, in the Sub-District of the Registrar of Bombay and containing by admeasurement as per Deed of Conveyance in favour of the mortgagors 56 4/9 square yards but as per Collector of Land Revenue records 48 2/9 square yards or thereabouts be the same little, more or less and bounded on the North by the said Rampart Row, on the East by the said Rampart Row, on the South by the house of Mowji Khimji, on the West partly by the house of the said Mowji Khimji and partly by the property hereinbefore firstly described: which said hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said mortgagors, and the said land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 794, New No. 6016, Old Survey No. T/1274, and New Survey No. 8492 and the said messuage, tenements thereon are assessed by the Municipality under Street Nos. 154 and 160 and Ward "A" No. 1897.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon containing by admeasurement 10 acres and 10¾ goonthas and registered under Survey Nos. 51 (57), 51 (57), 70, 72, 78 79 79 139, Pot Nos. 5 8 1 2 3 4 5 and Falani Nos. 4 and 9 and situate at Mankoord in the District of Thana, Registration Sub-District of Koorla, Taluka Salsette, village Mankoord and bounded on the East by the land of Silenstin Mites Agiar, on the West by the land of Manal Ghosar, who sold it to Shapoorji Pestonji Chimorewala, on the south by the land hereinafter fourthly described and on the North by the land belonging to Raghoonathdas Gopaldas; which said hereditaments and premises are now in the possession of the mortgagor.

FOURTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 4 acres and 15½ goonthas and registered under Survey Nos. 74 and 76, and Pot Nos. 2 and 3 and situate at Mankoord in the District of Thana, Registration Sub-District of Koorla, Taluka Salsette, village Mankoord, and bounded on the East by the land of Silestin Mites Agiar and on the West partly by the land of Pilla Laxman Patel and partly by the land belonging to the Portuguese Church, on the South partly by the land belonging to a Church but in the name of Augustin Kaitan and partly by the land of Rahimtula Vimam and on the North by the property hereinbefore thirdly described and which said hereditaments are in possession of the mortgagor.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel, Solicitors, for the Vendor, the mortgagee at their office in Cook's Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 23, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 27th inst. at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Old Gun Carriage Factory at Colaba Main Road near Sassoon Dock, on account of the concerned:—

3 large heaps of loose Bengal cotton slightly damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 6 Club Road, Byculla behind the Byculla Club very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glassware, crockery and platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboards and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, table ornaments, flower vases, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyras cloth and gown presses, marble top dressing and washhand tables, dressing chest of drawers, teapoys, hat stands, writing tables, office chairs, bentwood chairs, table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of a European gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

AT 2 p.m. (S.T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram in good order.

1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber tyred glass-fronted miniature brougham.

1 Grey arab, aged, quiet in harnesss.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26 BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE on SUNDAY, 30th May, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

On SUNDAY, the 30th day of May, 1915, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Donald House," Colaba Causeway, Colaba, opposite the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co.'s Offices, very valuable handsome teakwood and blackwood household furniture, comprising sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggon, dumbwaiter, meat-safes, marble top tables, fancy teapoys, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, sweet-toned cottage piano, rich carpets, engravings, iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, clothes and gown bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses marble top dressing and washing tables, chest of drawers, book cases, perambulator, rich glass and crockeryware, cooking utensils, etc., etc.

The property of D. Lea, Esq., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

AUCTION SALE

MESSRS. SHAW & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 16, Hamam Street, Fort.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, GOLD AND DIAMOND JEWELLERY &c.

On SATURDAY the 29th instant at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.). Messrs. SHAW & Co., auctioneers will sell by public auction at their rooms No. 16, Hamam Street, Fort, valuable, and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved substantial made household furniture such as teapoys, drawing room plain and marble top tables, dressing and wash-hand tables, chests of drawers, cloth and gown presses, Lady's low chairs, folding partition screens, reclining sofas, hat stands, card table, chairs etc., etc., the property of a gentleman.

Also on account of the concerned a lot of gold, Diamond and emerald jewellery:—Gold Rings, Diamond and Emerald rings, ear-rings, and nose rings &c.

The above is now on view.

SHAW & CO.,

Bombay, 26th May, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

General Manager.....Mr. JAMES McGRATH.

6-30 Twice Nightly 10 p.m.

LEIGH & LEIGHTON

(The Popular Terpsichorean and Vocal Artistes.)

PATHE'S WAR GAZETTE

The Victory of NEUVE CHAPELLE.

Scenes in the Canadian Hospital near Shoancliffe; GERMAN PRISONERS arriving in England.

RACING as USUAL: A BOMBAY OWNER'S HORSE "FITZ YAMA" wins the Metropolitan; the Great Struggle in the Carpathians; ZEPPELIN over ESSEX; the KAISER HELPS RECRUITING.

"THE STOLEN PAPERS"

A Two-Part Sherlock Holmes Story, the most exciting of the Series.

"UNCLE'S GHOST"

A Comedy in two parts by the Nordisk Company which gently exercises the muscles of the abdominal regions.

Mr. CLIVE LEIGHTON

in light Concert Ballads.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Charni Road.

TO-NIGHT

A MAGNIFICENT PHOTO-PLAY

THE CULPRIT

Adapted from M. Bernstein's Famous French Play "Le Voleur"

NOTICE.

This is to inform the public that the film advertised by us under the title of THE STAIN (in 6 parts) has no connection whatever with any other film of the same name, and is entirely an exclusive subject published by Pathe's and will be shown by us next week.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

'Phone | LOHAR CHAWL PRINCESS STREET | 1882.

To-night To-night

IN THE HANDS OF CONSPIRATORS

4000 feet.....4 parts.

The most ABSORBING Sensational. Detective Drama ever issued.

TIMES AND PRICES AS USUAL.

TO LET—Alfred Theatre, Calcutta, for a long period, and Empire Theatre, Bombay, on week days.

THE

Parsi Alfred Theatrical Co.

will perform at the

EMPIRE THEATRE, FORT,

To-night, Wednesday, at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.)

SHAHEED-I-NAZ

i. e. Shakespeare's "Measure for Measure"

(In Orient Garb).

Prices Rs. 2, 1-8, 1-4, 1, As. 12 & 6.

C. P. KHATOW,
Proprietor.

(Telephone No. 286.)

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.
HOME OF CELEBRITIES.
THE MOST CENTRAL THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

ROSHANARA

Will present her huge London success:—

"Dawn", "Burmese", "Old English Gavotte", Blue Denube" and Latest Society Dances.

MISS GLADYS GAYLORD

In "Perle de Brazil", "Keys of Heaven" and "Songs with Lute".

HENRY de BRAY

Society Entertainer in "Ball-Room Dancing".

Two Performances Every Night.

(Including Sundays.)

Booking at S. ROSE & Co.

Prices Rs. 3, 2, 1 Annas 8 and 4.

Change of Programme by the Artistes on Thursday.

NOTICE:—Miss Gladys Gaylord and Mr. Henry De Bray having completely recovered will appear at both performances as usual.

PALACE OF VARIETIES

LAST NIGHT of our Present Attractive Programme.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

At 6-30 at the GAIETY.

10 p.m. Show at EDWARDS.

THE

PALACE VARIETY Co.

Supported by

CAPT. COLLEAR

To-morrow Grand Surprise

GALA NIGHT

CAPTURE OF THE KAISER

Defeat of the

CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY

"IN HONOR OF BELGIUM"

In addition

COLOSSAL VAUDEVILLE BILL.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 25th May 1915, was 30.018 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparision at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch, for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 24th May, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr ..	29.819 inches.
Temperature of Air	88.0 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	80.3 "
Dew Point	77.7 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.721 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10).....	4.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	94.0 "
Minimum do. do.	82.3 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	W, NSW, W, WNW
Movement of Wind	130 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.00 inches.
Total fall during month.....	0.36
Do. year	1.41
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 25th	0.00

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	High Water. Bombay Mean Time.		Depth. on Still.		Low Water. Month.	Bombay Mean Time		Depth. on Still.	
	May	h.	m.	ft.	in	May	h.	m.	ft.	in
Tu.	25	m 8	14	25	10	25	m 1	47	17	7
		8	3a	26	3		2	0a	19	6
W.	26	m 9	14	27	2	26	m 2	32	16	4
		8	57a	26	9		3	0a	19	5
Th.	27	m 10	9	28	5	27	m 3	17	15	1
		9	49a	27	2		3	57a	19	1
Fr.	28	m 11	0	29	5	28	m 4	3	14	9
		10	40a	27	5		4	52a	18	8
Sat.	29	m 11	49	30	1	29	m 4	50	13	7
		11	31a	27	6		5	46a	18	5
Sun.	30	m 0	37a	30	5	30	m 5	38	13	5
							6	39a	18	3
Mo.	31	m 0	23	27	5	31	m 6	26	13	10
		1	24a	30	3		7	31a	18	3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

May.	Sunrise	Sunset.
" 25 (Tuesday)	" 6m 2m.	" 7h. 9m
" 26 (Wednesday)	" 6h. 2m.	" 7h. 10m
" 27 (Thursday)	" 6h. 2m.	" 7h. 10m
" 28 (Friday)	" 6h. 1m.	" 7h 11m
" 29 (Saturday)	" 6h. 1m.	" 7h. 11m
" 30 (Sunday)	" 6h. 1m.	" 7h. 11m
" 31 (Monday)	" 6h. 1m.	" 7h. 12m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Last quarter 1915 May 6th. 10h 52.6m. a.m. New Moon 1915 May 14th 9h 1.0m. a.m. First quarter 1915 May 22nd, 10h. 20.0m. a.m Full Moon 1915 May 29th 3h. 2.9m a.m

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 25.

Rainfall has been confined chiefly to Assam where it has been nearly general. A few falls are reported from Burma and west Peninsula.

The principal amounts are:—Bhamo one and a half inches; Cherrapunji seventeen; Sibsagar and Silchar three; Dhubri two; Gauhati one and half; Dibrugarh one.

Forecast:—No important change.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 25th May 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are very lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in excess except in the extreme north.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual. Night temperature is in excess at some stations.

Sind and Rajputana—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and generally clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded at the coast stations and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual.

The Konkan—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad—Belgaum reports 0.41" of rain during a thunderstorm. Skies are heavily clouded at this station and clear or very lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess in south Hyderabad; night temperature is generally higher than usual in the south Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—A few thundershowers have occurred in the Bombay Deccan.

A few thundershowers may occur in the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan and Malabar.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 25th of May, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st Nov. to date	Variation 1st Nov. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (24th)	83.7	75.1	54	..	10.82	—0.13
Jask	88.0	79.1	80	..	0.58	—3.49
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (2	93.1	83.4	68	..	4.43	0.73
PUNJAB—						
Multan	107.6	83.9	52	..	0.95	—0.95
Rawalpindi	101.9	68.9	21	..	11.64	0.43
Lahore	109.8	81.9	34	..	5.26	0.97
Hissar	109.5	82.7	32	..	3.94	..
Ambala	108.7	83.3	22	..	6.55	0.22
Delhi	108.0	86.2	31	..	12.10	8.44
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	108.4	88.1	22	..	8.32	6.11
Mainpuri	109.6	84.3	24	..	4.73	1.96
Jhansi	109.0	86.3	24	..	3.73	1.80
Cawnpore	108.6	88.3	29	..	3.52	1.19
Allahabad	110.6	84.5	18	..	5.06	2.61
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	111.3	81.2	48	..	1.17	—0.22
Karachi	89.7	78.9	70	..	2.43	0.80
Ajmer	101.9	84.6	27	..	3.70	1.78
Jaipore	104.4	77.1	20	..	3.80	1.76
Kotah	107.6	86.0	25	..	5.93	4.30
GAJRAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	100.8	75.5	73	..	1.43	0.85
Dwarka	89.5	80.6	75	..	2.42	1.73
Veraval	84.7	77.8	74	..	1.33	0.81
Rajkot	104.3	76.8	65	..	0.46	—0.22
Bhavnagar Para	109.4	83.0	69	..	0.21	—0.88
Surat	98.5	81.6	65	..	0.83	0.38
Ahmedabad	106.2	81.6	50	..	0.33	—0.15
Deesa	106.1	78.4	28	..	0.96	0.29
Neemuch	104.1	76.0	23	..	4.86	3.69
Indore	105.2	77.4	25	..	2.90	1.75
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	106.9	75.5	35	..	3.94	0.80
Saugor	105.2	77.8	17	..	4.10	1.20
Hoshangabad	108.5	84.8	23	..	5.74	3.57
Khandwa	107.8	82.0	32	..	3.18	1.72
Akola	110.2	82.3	21	..	5.88	3.56
Amraoti	109.6	83.8	19	..	4.93	2.40
Nagpur	111.6	86.8	17	..	6.33	2.93
Chanda	113.5	82.6	25	..	6.16	2.35
Raipur	111.7	87.1	24	..	4.21	0.74
KONKAN—						
Bombay	94.9	84.4	74	..	1.59	0.81
Ratnagiri	91.5	83.1	69	..	1.06	0.00
Mormugao	92.0	83.8	75	..	4.30	1.76
Karwar	..	..	..	..	8.31	5.11
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	107.4	81.6	35	..	4.95	3.32
Ahmednagar	109.1	73.4	48	0.07	8.42	6.44
Poona	98.4	78.7	54	..	3.39	1.17
Sholapur	101.5	80.6	44	..	7.13	4.40
Bijapur	99.8	80.1	40	..	8.17	5.30
Belgaum	94.3	70.5	85	0.41	6.48	0.97
Ahmedabad	101.3	76.1	27	0.07	6.26	4.22
Nizamabad (Indur)	110.4	81.9	29	..	4.88	1.89
Hyderabad	108.2	83.2	57	..	5.65	1.89
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	92.0	82.8	74	..	5.31	—2.14
Calicut	89.8	83.7	89	0.04	21.81	5.70
Cochin	88.8	80.7	80	0.01	41.56	17.27
Colombo	88.7	81.0	86	..	39.96	—7.18
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	98.1	84.9	79	..	8.71	0 25
Bellary	101.3	80.7	54	..	7.57	2.72
Cuddapah	108.3	84.2	51	0.05	9.66	3.09
Madras	101.3	84.8	70	..	25.83	3.91
Bangalore	94.6	73.8	67	..	8.91	0.17
Coimbatore	99.9	77.5	74	..	10.10	0.69
Trichinopoly	107.1	83.2	62	..	11.41	—2.30
Negapatam	102.0	83.0	70	..	23.11	—8.70

RANGOON TAXICAB MURDER MYSTERY.

CHIEF COURT CLERK DONE TO DEATH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, May 25.

The police are investigating a case of murder in a taxicab, said to have been committed on Sunday night. The victim is a Burmese clerk of the Chief Court named Maung Aye Maung, aged 26. The deceased spent a part of the evening in Royal Hotel. About midnight he was found lying on a bench in the billiard room very drunk. As the servants were about to awake him, two Mahomedans, alleged to be of respectable family saying he was their friend and that they would look after him, took him outside, put him in taxicab No. 24, the driver of which was a Mahomedan and according to the police theory, drove towards the Royal Lake and murdered the man in the taxicab and took the corpse to the lake and laid it on the bench on the bank and then tossed it into the water. The bench was covered with blood smears.

The deceased is said to have been in enemy of the Mahomedans who took the opportunity of getting him into their clutches and doing him to death. The next morning the Police obtained from the storekeeper of the Taxicab Co., a blood stained cushion, waterproof and other articles which were turned in by the driver.

One of the hotel employees has informed the police of having seen a clasp knife in the possession of one of the two Mahomedans. This clue has led to the apprehension of two men, whose names the police will not at present disclose. The body of the deceased has been recovered from the lake.

ARREST OF ARMED DACOIT GANG

FINE WORK BY BARISAL POLICE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 25.

The Barisal police were successful in arresting six armed Mahomedan dacoits on Sunday. One of them is supposed to be the leader of an influential gang, which is responsible for the commission of a number of dacoities in that district. This man has great influence among illiterate Mahomedans and belongs to a respectable family of Galva Mir.

The dacoits went to the village Tarooli near Jhalakati in two boats and while staying in the house of one Takki Sirdar, the local police, who had got a previous scent of the dacoits, surrounded the house. At first they offered some resistance and information was at once sent to the head-quarters, but before the District Magistrate and Police Superintendent with Gurkhas arrived in the village all six men were under the custody of the police. Two pistols, one gun, two daggers and two "ramdaos" were found with the dacoits, who were sent yesterday to Barisal.

FIANCE GOING TO THE FRONT.

INTERESTING APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO MARRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 24.

At the High Court to-day before Mr. Justice Chaudhuri Mr. R. C. Bonnerji applied on behalf of Mrs. Vivienne Marie Willis, better known in musical circles in Calcutta as Madame Dagmar being in charge of the "Conservatoire de Musique", for an order that the decree nisi for dissolution of marriage granted to her be made absolute. She was petitioner in a divorce suit against her husband, Lionel William Willis, and obtained a decree nisi for dissolution of marriage on 13th February, 1905. She also prayed for leave to allow her to marry within one week from date as her intended fiance desires to go to the front as soon as possible.

His Lordship made the decree for dissolution of marriage absolute but reserved judgment so far as the application for leave to marry was concerned.

BILLS OF LADING 'TO ORDER."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 25.

A Press communiqué states:—With reference to the Press communiqué of the 3rd March and 14th warning shippers of the risk of having their bills of lading drawn "to order," information has now been received as to the meaning to be attached to the expression "to order."

It is explained that the Contraband Committee would probably treat goods consigned to order to a neutral port having communication with an enemy country as *ipso facto* suspect and goods so consigned to A. B. or order to A. B's. assigns as more open to suspicion than if consigned simply to A. B., but it is added, that decisions in cases of this kind would be determined by the facts of each case as a whole.

S. S. FANGTURM

ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF CARGO.

A Press communiqué issued by the Department of Commerce and Industry, Government of India states:—

It is announced for general information that intimation has now been received to the effect that Messrs. Graham and Company, Limited, have secured an agreement with the owners of the S. S. Fangturm, at present sheltering in the Balearic Islands, under which consignees may effect delivery of cargo on board this vessel. All enquiries with regard to such cargoes should be addressed to Messrs. Graham and Company, Limited, 9, Clive Street, Calcutta, from whom full particulars as to the terms of release of cargo on board this vessel may be learnt on application.

COMMERCIAL.

SHIPPING COMPANY PROMOTIONS.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 25th.

A wail from an upcountry correspondent, which is published elsewhere, induced us to institute a few enquiries regarding the fate of the Shah Steam Navigation Co., subsequently known as the Hujaz Steam Navigation Company, Ltd. From the facts elicited this must have been a weird sort of affair, and we are getting more and more obsessed with the idea, that so far as steamship flotations are concerned, Swadeshi enterprise appears to be hopelessly behind the times. From the standard of one or two nameless efforts in this direction, it must be inferred, that would-be promoters are of opinion there is not much more intelligence or business capacity required for running a fleet of steamers, than would be brought to bear in shelling peas or dispensing wares at a Crawford Market stall. Means should be devised for dissipating this amazing delusion. There are many financial and industrial concerns no doubt that manage to bungle along automatically, under an incapable aegis, without doing much damage, from Banks to Spinning and Weaving Mills. But if there is one particular form of enterprise over any other that demands expert supervision and the highest technical knowledge from all branches of its administration to ensure anything like success, it is shipowning. And yet there are people in our midst, who have the hardihood and audacity to invite the public to subscribe their money for the flotation of shipping companies, who know no more about the business than the "topaz" that polishes up the binnacle. This part of the affair is bad enough, but it is intolerable that such gaucheries should be permitted to be perpetrated unchallenged, simply because the general public have not suffered much so far. The fact that the supply of fools of such a superb standard have been fortunately limited, is no excuse for non-intervention by the law. Before a prospectus is allowed to be circulated and appeals made for money, an authority should be appointed whose business it is to scrutinise the details of every scheme, industrial or otherwise, and stifle at the outset all wild-cat ventures which bear the palpable imprint of misrepresentations or possible fraud. Unpleasant aftermaths are not desirable, more especially when they can be so easily prevented.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

		Liverpool, 24th May,
New York Official noon call	July	9.51
	Oct.	9.88

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	New York, May 24th.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..	10,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ..	22,000
Futures at New York July	9.53
Previous closing price	9.51
Futures at New York Oct.	9.89
Previous closing price	9.88
Spot Cotton at New York	9.70
Previous price	9.80
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	9.00
Previous price	9.00
Futures at New Orleans July	9.32
Previous price	9.32
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	9.63
Previous price	9.64
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	7⅞
Demand Bills	4.78/35
Silver Commercial Bars	49¾

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 25.

The market to-day was quiet with little business except in May Broach. To-day being settlement day a large number of delivery orders changed hands at Rs. 2/3 below the morning quotations.

There was a certain demand for D/Orders of Bengals but sellers were scarce.

Settlement Rates were eventually fixed at F. Broach May 207.

F. Bengal May 161.

F. K/Akola May 187.

In the afternoon there was a fair business done in K/Akola for July both in the bazaar and with shippers, and little interest was shown in other styles.

New crops are steady with little demand while ready cotton is almost at a standstill.

We quote:—

F. Broach June 212/13.

F. Bengal June 163/4.

F. K/Akola July 192

G. Broach 245½.

G. Bengal 183.

[Messrs. PATEL BROTHERS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine.	F. G.	Good.	Delivery.
M. G. Broach ..	..	..	246	Apr. 25'16
M. G. „ ..	210	..	..	Ready.
M. G. Bengals (Ry. terms)	191	184	..	Jan 25'16
H G Rajputana terms) (Ry. ..	..	..	..	..
M G Sind Punjab (Ry terms) ..	..	..	..	..
M G Khandesh ..	175	162	..	Ready.
M G Mathia ..	..	..	..	..
H G Bhagalkote ..	..	..	..	..
H G Bijapur ..	..	..	..	..
M. G Khandwa, Sanawad ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Wardha, Hinganghat ..	208	200	..	Do.
M. G. Nagpore ..	205	197	..	Do.
M. G. Yeotmal ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam	..	..	..	..
M. G. Oomrawatee description ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Akola, Khgm., Fair staple ..	195	..	..	Ready.
Saw Ginned Dhar war	..	..	215/6	Do.
H. G. Westerns ..	..	..	195	Do.
M. G. Westerns ..	..	..	201	Do.
M. G. Miraj ..	..	..	220	Do.
M. G. Compta ..	..	..	218/9	Do.
M. G. Bengals ..	185	..	..	Do.
M. G. Akola, Khgm.	193/4	..	..	July 1915
Do.	217	..	..	Jan. 1916

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 48 hours up till 6 p.m. on 24th May, 1915:

Cotton	8,677 Bales.
Wheat	53,720 cwts.
Linseed	25,013 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	4,358 „
Gingellyseed	100 „
Poppyseed	12 „
Groundnuts	1,633 „
Castorseed	6,197 „
Rice	9,571 „
Myrabollams	2,524 „
Cottonseed	2,387 „
Gram	11,311 „
Joowar	1,837 „
Maize	243 „
Barley	192 „

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.
White Pessi 85 per cent. ..... Rs. 6-12, R. D. per cwt.
White Delhi ..... Rs. 6-11-9, R. D. per cwt.
Red Hard 50 per cent. ..... Rs. 39, B. T. per candy.
Yellow Hard 50 per cent. ..... Rs. 45-8 B. T. per candy.
Linseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 8-1, B. T. per cwt. Rs. 8-14, R. D. per cwt. May.
Forward ..... Rs. 9-3, R. D. per cwt. Sept.
Rapeseed
Brown Cawnpore ..... Rs. 6-2, B. T. per cwt. Rs. 6-7, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Etawah ..... Rs. 6-3, B. T. per cwt.
Brown Katni ..... Rs. 6-8, B. T. per cwt.
Yellow Gujarat ..... Rs. 7, B. T. per cwt.
Poppyseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 6-12, B. T. per cwt.
Groundnuts.
Bold ..... Rs. 27-8, B. T. per candy.
Madras ..... Rs. 29, B. T. per candy.
Mowraseed ..... Rs. 3-14, B. T. per cwt.
Castorseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 28, B. T. per candy. Rs. 5-13, R. D. per cwt.
Cottonseed ..... Rs. 2-14, B. T. per cwt.
Teelseed. Tone quiet.
Bold White 85 per cent. ..... Rs. 42, B. T. per candy.
Yellow Hingunghat ..... 44 B. T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 3 7/8d.
D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 3 29-32d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 3 7-8d. June.
Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready 1s. 4 1/8d.
Do. Do. Forward ..... 1s. 4 5-32d. July.
Do. 4 Months Ready ..... 1s. 4 3-16d.
Francs 3 m-s. do ..... 174¼ Nominal.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong ..... 134.
Do. Shanghai ..... 171.
60 d-s. Yokohama ..... 149¼.

BULLION.

	Rs
English Bar Gold	24-10-0
Australian do.	24-6-0
Bombay do.	24-8-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-10-0
English Dragons	15.2-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	61-8-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 25.

The Cotton Mill Share Market did not present to-day any characteristic feature save that a steady tone was well maintained. Tata Iron and Steel shares stood unchanged.

In Mill shares for June delivery Davids closed at Rs. 543¾, Fazulbhai at Rs. 415, Standard at Rs. 975, Indore Malwa at Rs. 195 and Indian Dyeing and Bleaching shares at Rs. 127½.

Madhavji declined to Rs. 1,145, Swadeshi to Rs. 1,467½ and Centrals to Rs. 1,862½.

Finlays were placed at Rs. 270, Simplex at Rs. 265¼ and Crescent at Rs. 90.

Bank of Bombay shares changed hands at Rs. 1,640.

Telephones were placed at Rs. 125 in a lot.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares kept steady at Rs. 221.

Tapti Valley Railway shares were placed at Rs. 565, Central Provinces at Rs. 119 and Ahmedabad Prantij at Rs. 662½.

Tata Hydro Electric ordinary shares declined to Rs. 1,070.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares kept steady at Rs. 102¼ and Deferred at Rs. 193.

Alcock and Ashdown shares were placed at Rs. 215.

McKenzie Saw Mill shares were quoted nominally at Rs. 175.

China Mill shares were placed at Rs. 400.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was recorded in the vicinity of Rs. 93¼.

5 per cent. Sanitary Bonds (1925) were placed at Rs. 107¼.

STERLING BILLS ON LONDON.

In consequence of Thursday, the 3rd June, having been declared a Public Holiday on account of his Majesty the King-Emperor's birth-day, allotments of sterling bills and telegraphic transfers for next week will be made by the Controller of Currency, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 2nd June, if any application is received.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 25.

In the share market a very large business took place in jute mill shares which were again in strong demand, buying coming chiefly from the bazar. Several shares changed hands at a material advance in price and the tone of the market was well maintained until the close. More attention was directed to coal shares which changed hands in greater numbers at steady rates.

The following sales took place:—

Coal.—Bansra 8/12, 9; Bansjora 8/4; Bengal Bhatdee 13/2; Bhuskajuri 16/8; Bokaro and Ramghur 12/12, 12/14; Burra Dhemo 9, 9/4; Kosoonda 18; Lakurka 21/4, 21/6; New Manbhoom 19, 19/4; Raneegunge 26/4; Reliance 37/4, 37/8; Satpukuria and Asansol 7; Singaran 4;; Teetulmuri 10/12, 11, 11/8.

Jute.—Auckland (ord.) 115/8, 116/8; Alliance (ord.) 176/8, 177/8; Barnagore (ord.) 90, 91; Belvedere (ord.) 138, 139, 140, 141; Clive (ord.) 67, 68, 69; Delta (ord.) 185, 186, 187; Empire (ord.) 14/2, 14/4, 14/8; Fort Gloster (ord.) 244, 245, 246, 247; Fort William (ord.) 70, 71, 72; Hooghly (ord.) 16/12, 16/8; Hooghly (prefs.) 11/12, 12; Howrah (ord.) 140, 141/8; Kamarhatty (ord.) 285, 286; Kelvin (ord.) 161; Northbrook (ord.) 14/4, 14/8, 14/14; Reliance (ord.) 136; Soorah 104, 105, 106/8.

Tea.—Grob (ord.) 38, 39.

Miscellaneous.—Barnagore jute 5 per cent. debentures 105/8; Carew and Co. 81, Cawnpur Sugar prefs. 77, 78; Chowringhee properties debentures 102/8.

Government Paper three and a half per cent., was quoted at Rs. 93/6 to Rs. 93/8.

Leave the office with a headache and go home? Don't do it—take Stearns' Headache. Cure before you leave and you will arrive home in a pleasant mood. C-12

SHIPPING.

DEPARTURES.

May 25.

Chariton	Charitonas	Liverpool
Lowther Range	Gundry	Manchester

S. s. Aleppo received her Portclearance yesterday for Hull.

S. S. City of Lahore:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Lahore passed the Canal on the 24th instant, and is due to arrive at about noon on the 3rd proximo.

S. S. Chariton.—The s. s. Chariton, 1,936 tons, Captain L. Charitonas, sailed yesterday for Liverpool via Port Said, with a general cargo on board.

S. S. Aleppo:—The steamer Aleppo, 2,536 tons, Captain G. H. Jones, will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi, with a general and the same bottom cargo.

Tuesday, May 25th, 1915

PRINCE'S DOCK.

D. & E. Aleppo	Jones	J. Finlay & Co
H. Kisagata Maru	Nakoda	S. Tyebji & Sons
P. Egyptian Prince	McMillan	D. Nanji & Sons

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi		K. N. & Co
Ponni		K. N. & Co
Sarasvati		K. N. & Co
Courland		K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Nio Maru	Watanabe	N. Y. Kaisha
3 Bombay Maru	Ota	N. Y. Kaisha
4 Tanri	Alberto	Baldoving & Co
5 Diddington	Percival	Ralli Bros
6 Ozarda	Hodgson	M. M. & Co
7 Etnelwolf	Boyle	
8 Tosan Maru	Nakano	N. Y. Kaisha
10 Castalia	Kelso	W. & A. G. & Co
14 Linga	Cutbush	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Sardinia	Jeffrey	P. & O. S. N. Co
3 City o Calcutta		K. N. & Co
4 Porto-de Savana	Caitongo	M. Italiana
5 Kashmir	Irving	P. & O. Co
6 Jeddah	Loftus	T. M. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Juno	Kuhu	Asiatic Petroleum Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Chakdina	Elton	M. M. & Co
Warka	Maples	M. M. & Co
Jehangir	Lewis	T. M. & Co.
Meroon Hill	Sullivan	K. N. & Co
Rahmani	Cusack	T. M. & Co
Winamac	Macdonold	Standard Oil Co., of New York.

EXPORTS.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

May 25.

City of Calcutta (s) 450 bales cotton, Gaddum & Co.; 450 bales cotton, Lyon Lord & Co.; 152 bales wool raw, Bombay Co.; 3,168 cwts. wheat, Sanday & Co.; 2,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

Castalia (s) 41 bales wool raw, M. Balia; 31 bales wool raw, David Sassoon & Co.; 10 bales wool raw, J. Samiramal; 40 bales wool raw, K. Moolji; 50 bales cotton waste, K. Visram & Co.; 10 bales cotton fly, K. Visram & Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Jeddah (s) 5,000 cwts. castor seed; E. D. Sassoon & Co.; 4,000 cwts. castor seed, Ralli Bros.; 1,001 cwts. groundnuts, E. D. Sassoon & Co.; 2,002 cwts. myrabolams, P. Mathuradas & Co.; 11,160 cwts. linseed, Ralli Bros.

City of Calcutta (s) 891 cwts. castor seed, John Fachiri.

Castalia (s) 800 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 55 bales cotton fly, K. Visram & Co.; 1,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia (s) 50 bales cotton, E. Spinner & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Kashmir (s) 9 bales woollen carpets, Thos. Cook & Son.

FOR LONDON.

Kashmir (s) 6 bales cowhides, H. M. H. Osman; 29 bales cowhides, R. M. Kooka; 11 bales cowhides, H. A. Omar & Sons; 6 bales cowhides, W. & A. Graham & Co.; 37 bales goat skins, W. & A. Graham & Co.; 9 bales goat skins, H. A. Oomar & Sons; 1,160 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

Egyptian Prince (s) 45,340 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Capri (s) 1,200 bales cotton, Volkert Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Bombay Maru (s) 300 casks myrabolams, E. Manekji; 38 cwts. poppy seed, E. Manekji; 400 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu.

FOR NAGASAKI.

Bombay Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Bombay Maru (s) 900 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Bombay Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, D. D. Currance & Co.; 810 bales cotton, D. Nishamatsu; 200 bales cotton, G. Dosa & Co.; 1,700 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 2,000 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 500 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, Tata, Sons & Co.; 200 bales cotton, N. Rajaram & Co.

Kisagata Maru (s) 1,000 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, H. Nensey & Co.; 1,200 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 700 bales cotton, Tata, Sons & Co.; 1,800 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, T. Yuasa.

FOR OSAKA.

Bombay Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, H. Nensay & Co.; 200 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha.

Kisagata Maru (s) 1,600 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, H. Nensay & Co.; 1,700 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sardina (s) 400 bales cotton raw, C. Bomanjee & Co.; 300 bales cotton raw, N. M. K. Kaisha; 279 bales cotton twist, A. E. J. Abraham; 300 bales cotton twist, C. Bomanji & Co.; 210 bales cotton yarn, Tata, Sons & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Sardina (s) 1,000 bales cotton raw, Tata, Sons & Co.; 1,200 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.; 290 bales cotton gray yarn, Tata, Sons & Co.; 100 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David & Co.; 1,000 bales cotton grey twist, C. Ebrahim & Co.; 404 bales cotton grey twist, M. Amersey & Co.; 272 bales cotton grey twist, 399 bales cotton grey twist, E. D. Sassoon & Co.; 48 cwts. gum bhesalish, E. Navroji & Co.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Castalia from Liverpool, Agents, W. & A. Graham & Co.:—34,000 nos firebrick, 369 bags clay, 209 drums blecking powder, 19 drums calcium chloride, 10 barrels silicate of soda; 1 case tartaric acid, 200 d/bags bicarb soda, 75 d/bags, 7 casks, 13 cases sulphate of luminia, 30 kegs washing soda, 48 cases glycerine, 16 casks zinc chloride, 5 cases medicine, 210 cases pilsiner, 20 kegs bichromate of soda, 40 kegs bichromate of potash, 5 casks myrabolam extract, 40 barrels soda crystals, 201 barrels copperas, 8 casks sulphur black, 10 d/bags glauber salts, 1 cask starmate of soda, 20 kegs hydro sulphite of soda, 60 drums magnisium chloride, 17 barrels sal almoniac, 3 casks earthenware, 20 d/bags cement composition, 1,554 cases, 2 casks, 1 khd, 64 trusches, 2 plincheon whisky, 5 cases rum, 150 hgds ale, 506 cases beer, 495 d/bags farura, 466 crates bottles, 14 cases glass globes, 5 cases aluminium circles, 4 cases brass sheets, 1 case, 350 bundles copper sheets, 10 casks zinc sheets, 4,848 boxes, 20 cases tin plates, 800 cases G. C. sheets, 50 casks mails, 3 rolls sheet lead, 31 cases, 9 trusses leather belting, 5 cases leather, 5 cases roller skins, 25 barrels lubricating oil, 2 drums oil, 4 casks solidifeed oil, 2 cases cycle oil, 2 bags, 4 cases buffalo pickers, 1,508 kegs, 3 cases paint, 1 case varnish, 20 casks red lead, 64 cases biscuits, 2 cases preserves, 11 barrels oatmeal, 25 cases confectionary, 1 cask vinegar, 40 bags dairy salt, 5 cases perfumery, 50 barrels, 127 runlets coal tar, 84 casks, 127 barrels pitch, 274 bales, 20 cases paper, 25 casks tallow, 6 barrels, 531 bundles, 1 crate, 1,589 boxes, 429 cases soap, 2 bales carpets, 2 cases silk thread, 2 cases silk yarn, 5 cases artificial silk, 1 case silk velvets, 8 cases tiome, 2 packages, 48 bales, 4 cases canvas, 1 case cotton thread, 69 cases sewing cotton thread, 30 bales, 6 cases woollens, 3 bales flannels, 2 cases linen, 1 case cotton and linen, 2 cases woollen tissue, 4 bales, 3 cases woollen and cotton goods, 6 bales cotton fents, 1,203 bales, 248 cases cotton yarn, 2,102 bales, 2,105 cases, 7 trusses, 35 packages cotton piecegoods, 46 cases cigarettes, 8 bales umbrella cloth.

A sweet breath is a sign of a sound stomach. Kasagra, the delightful liquid laxative, sweetens the breath, because it regulates the bowels and improves digestion. D-12

OIL EXPERTS AND THE RECENT GOVERNMENT REPORT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I wonder why L has added himself to the list of those whom he condemns as "tinpot experts." By his own admission, he is a student and his letter is not intended to parade his knowledge, of which in fact he seems to have none. His advice to the "so-called oil experts" is much more necessary for himself than for the others. In fact, in his last paragraph he has given himself away,—one might well assume that he has been made a tool to espouse the cause of the Government's expert, E.I. (sic), but unfortunately he has proved himself a lame champion.

What is E. II's fault? The veiled champion of E.I. materially agrees with E. II. that the Government report is worthless and clumsy, but he cannot bear E. II's devastating criticism in as much as the latter fails to give to the public, free of charge, what E. I. was handsomely paid for to do. The argument appears to be that the skilled lapidarian must not only pronounce the worthlessness of Tait's diamond to the duped buyer, but must exchange it for a genuine one.

I notice that an attempt has been made once again to "boom" the expeller. L's description of the generation of prussic acid in linseed cake is very interesting indeed, but it certainly does not protect the expeller. Lewckowitsche has pronounced his opinion openly,—there is not the least ambiguity, as alleged by L with regard to the types of the two presses and the manufacturers of the expellers cannot claim that the remarks have been made behind their back. In fact, I remember I had asked them directly to explain this matter when, in 1909, they offered their machinery to my firm for our proposed mill. Again, it is untrue to say that the expeller is the machine *chiefly* used in America. Out of a thousand and odd oil mills in the States not more than 50 or 60 are equipped with the expellers and some of these, I understand, are fast discarding the expeller in favour of the hydraulic press. If the "thin, tender and flaky American linseed cake" is so popular in the European markets, pray, why do the big European crushers not make it themselves? As for the expeller's popularity in India let the Laxmi and the Mahalaxmi Oil Mills set up in various parts of the Presidency at the advice of the Government's expert speak for themselves.

To avoid the suspicion of being a "tinpot" I subscribe myself.—Yours etc.

R. L. SUTARIA, B.A.,

Bombay, May 25th.

A USELESS AND MISLEADING REPORT

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is a matter of great satisfaction to us who are working in the *bona fide* interests of the Oil Pressing industry to see that the recent Government Report on the subject has been rightly condemned *en bloc*, not only by those who are purely theoretical and unpractical students, like your correspondent "L," but by men like your correspondents "More Light" and "Oil Miller" who by their own experience in the line are well qualified to pronounce on the subject. My object in writing the article in question was quite evident. It was, as I said therein, to see whether the Report as a whole was "likely to be of use to the industry." I had not taken upon myself the gratuitous task of making suggestions, but I wanted only to show to the beguiled public and the Government the useless and misleading nature of the Report. I am glad to note your correspondent "L" confesses that the Report is worthless and was written clumsily. Even in that frank confession I consider I have more than achieved my object. In the meantime I am not loth to wait till your student-correspondent "L" completes his studies and gains practical experience in the matter. Let him not rush in where angles fear to tread. However, if he is still anxious to obtain the information for which he is so anxious, it is time he should apply to the Government telling them that he has been deluded by the last report.—Yours etc.

YOUR CORRESPONDENT.

JHANG DACOITY CASE

EIGHT-TWO CONVICTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, May 24.

In the Jhang dacoity cases 140 accused were sent up for trial under Section 395 I.P.C., before Mr. Dobson, I.C.S., Special Magistrate, Jhang, on the 15th May.

There were no less than 121 witnesses in the case for the prosecution and for the defence.

The hearing lasted till 3rd May and judgment was delivered on the 20th, eleven accused, including Pir Bakhsh Lambardar of Nekokara, who was a ringleader, have been sentenced to seven years' transportation, one to six years' rigorous imprisonment, 62 to five years' rigorous imprisonment, one to four years' rigorous imprisonment, two to three years' rigorous imprisonment and four to two years' rigorous imprisonment. Fifty-eight accused were acquitted.

OPINIONS OF THE DAY

Airships v. Aeroplanes.

The "Madras Mail":—It seems to us the explanation is probably to be found in the fact that the Zeppelins and other German airships have proved almost entirely useless as auxiliaries to the German Army. As an air arm of forces engaged in land operations all the honours are with aeroplanes, not with airships, and the German aeroplanes are almost always outmanoeuvred and out-fought by the British and French. At sea, the airships are of very little use to the Germans because their Fleet remains locked up. Thus, in the absence of anything else to do, the airships are used to drop an occasional bomb on some French town or to create a mild sensation in some English watering-place or inland village. Incidentally, the German airships may be picking up a little information about weather conditions and so forth in England, though the Germans must already have all they really need. But we must expect that before the war ends there will be a serious attempt at an air-raid on a great scale, probably with London as an objective. Such a raid could not possibly have high military importance, but if the raiders were lucky enough to evade the British aeroplanes, they might do a good deal of damage to private property and cause considerable loss of life.

Libelling Indian Soldiers.

The "Tribune":—A prejudiced and perverted but happily small section of Englishmen, persumably a coterie of retired Anglo-Indians, are pursuing the unpleasurable pastime of belittling the doings of Indian soldiers at the front. We have noticed many of these instances in these columns and the latest of the kind is the insinuation that the Indian officer "in a fight which requires leading does not count." It is astonishing how these calumniators of Indian soldiers persist in ignoring the praises showered by Field Marshall Sir John French on the heroism, tact and resourcefulness shown by Indians on countless occasions under circumstances adverse to the display of such great qualities. At the battle of Neuve Chapelle which afforded a fresh opportunity to our political opponents to renew their unfair attack on our countrymen at the front Subedar Parbat Chand of the 59th Sind Rifles won the Military Cross for "conspicuous gallantry and exceptionally good service" on March 12.. It is well to note that Indian officers do not at present possess equal opportunities of distinction in leadership of that kind which draws out the great qualities latent in them and that they are now showing their resourcefulness without the advantage of being educated to lead which they have a right to expect along with other classes of his Majesty's soldiers.

America and the War.

The "Punjabee":—What disappoints one most in America's attitude is its singular short-sightedness. She seems to imagine that she would be justified in interfering only when Germany, after having destroyed American property and caused the death of American citizens, refused to give an assurance of good behaviour in future. At this rate she will never interfere, for the simple reason that it costs little to Germany to give an assurance. The question which America would be perfectly justified in asking herself is, could she accept the assurances of a power which began this war by declaring that a solemn treaty was no more binding upon it than a scrap of paper? She would be equally justified in asking herself if she does not owe it to humanity and to civilisation to strike a blow for them at a time when both are threatened with ruin by a nation intoxicated with the love and the consciousness of power. No reasonable man doubts the ultimate issue of the war, whether America intervenes or not. But if the war is protracted beyond a few months, the cause of civilisation and of humanity, which has already received the severest blow it has received in all modern history, will have suffered a check from which it will take centuries to recover. And if that happens is it only the Allies who will suffer? Can America, can any part of the world, hope to escape from the consequences of so terrible a catastrophe?

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Gowalia Tank Road.
Bombay, 17th November, 1905.

Mr. Phiroze M. Dastoor has on various occasions, examined my eyes with the Ophthalmoscope, and supplied me with glasses for the correction of mixed astigmatism; they suit me so well that I find great comfort in using them, and I have much pleasure in testifing to his skill and ability.

(Sd.) E. PETERS, M.B.,
Lt.-Colonel. I.M.S.,

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The German Army from within ...	1 14	1 8
The French Army from within ...	1 14	1 8
The British Army from within ...	1 14	1 8
How Germany Makes War by Bernhardi ...	1 14	1 8
Cavalry By Bernhardi ...	1 14	1 8
France and the Next War ...	1 14	1 8
The German Enigma ...	1 14	
Germany and the Germans from an American Point of View ...	1 14	
The Reality of War ...	1 14	1 8
The Nations in Arms ...	1-14	1 8
Men Around the Kaiser ...	1 8	
Jena or Sedan? French Victory or German ...	1 8	
Imperial Germany ...	1 8	
The Great War Book, Facts you Should Know about the War ...	1 2	0 12

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British Regiment at the Front.
The Campaign round Liege.
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Great Men of the Great War.
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Rs. 3 only.
Fillings, Artificial teeth, Gold Crowns and Bridges at very mode rate charges.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation's Standing Committee Meeting, 4.10 p.m.

Palace of Varieties.—Last Night of Captain Collear: at 6-30 at the Gaiety; 10 p.m., show at Edwards Theatre.

THURSDAY, MAY 27.

Special Sitting of the High Court, Appellate Side, 11-30 a.m.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Dhanus Kodi and Colombo will close at the General Post Office at 7.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, MAY 29.

Bombay Medical Union, Paper on "X Ray Treatment of Uterine Fibroids" by Dr A. K. Contractor, M.D., 7-15 p.m.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-4/ and 10-30 p.m.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Royal Opera House, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

GRAHAM—On the 17th April, 1915, at Amesbury, Wilts, the wife of Captain Bazett Graham, Napier's Rifles, Indian Army, of a daughter.

ORCHARD—On the 18th April, 1915, at Marlow-on-Thames, Bucks, to the wife of Captain A. J. Orchard, 8th Rajputs, a son.

MARRIAGE.

WERNIGG—MACKENZIE—On the 18th May, 1915, at the Kirk, Madras, Arthur K. Wernigg, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, to Isabel Mackenzie, of Gairlock, Rossshire.

DEATHS.

CHADWICK—Killed in action, in Persian Gulf, in the fighting on 13th and 14th April, 1915, Capt. Frederick James Chadwick, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, Indian Army, eldest son of the late Colonel E. F. Chadwick, late 33rd Duke of Wellington's Regiment, of Westfield, Dorchester.

HUTTON—Killed in action near Ypres on the 16th May, 1915, Ian Campbell, 9th Royal Scots Highlanders, aged 18 years and 9 months, second son of W. Hutton, P.W.D., Madras.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut..Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

May 26.

175.—Transfer.—No. 7842 Lce. Corpl. H. Wald is transferred from "F" to "B" Coy. from this date in the rank of Volunteers.

176.—Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "H" Company:—
No. 8461 Vol. B. C. Durant.
No. 8462 Vol. A. M. Gardiner.
No. 8463 Vol. J. Varel.
No. 8464 Vol. R. O Collyer.
No. 8465 Vol. S. Esperance.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, 2nd Lieut.
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March.—"Entry of the Gladiators" .....Fucik.
Overture.—"Stradella" .....Flotow.
Selection.—"The Mikado" .....Sullivan.
Serenade.—"Sizilietta" .....Blon.
Ballet Music from.—"William Tell" Rossini.
Gipsy Serenade.—"El Saludo" .....Ancliffe.
Melodies from.—"The Sunshine Girl" Rubens.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

We are informed that the P. & O. S. S. Persia which left Bombay on the 1st instant arrived London on Saturday, the 23rd inst. All well.

REPORTED THEFT.

A Hindu, named Moro Gopal, residing at Dr Lisle Road has informed the Police that when he was away from his house, somebody entered his room and removed ornaments worth Rs. 405 from it.

HINDU AND MAHOMEDAN FAIRS.

The Annual Fair of the Shree Satyanarayen Temple, situate at Ferguson Road, Worlee Naka, will commence from Friday and will last for two days.

The annual Khoja Fair known as Hasanbad Fair commences to-day and will last for five days.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay a programme of open air sports for the children of millhands was arranged last Sunday near Byculla Station in the Improvement Trust Compound near Vithoba's Temple. About 150 children took part in the games which included races, long and high jumps, tug-of-war and other items. The children dispersed after the distribution of prizes.

ACCIDENT IN A THEATRE.

On Monday night, Mr. William Collear was making gun-practice at the Gaiety Theatre. While standing in the wings, and as he was loading the gun with a shot cartridge, with his finger on the trigger, the cartridge exploded, and the shot passing through a side-curtain injured one Khanderao Waman in the left thigh, while he was attending to the lime-lights. Khanderao was removed to the G. T. Hospital where all the pellets were extracted.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION.

The Telegraph Department notifies that the concession which was granted in January last for social week-end telegrams to be accepted when sent to or from sailors, soldiers, and nurses serving with the Expeditionary Forces has now been extended. Such telegrams may now be accepted when sent to or from sailors, soldiers, and nurses serving in India, Burma, England, France, Belgium, the various extra European British Possessions (except Hong-Kong), Egypt and the Persian Gulf. Deferred telegrams will not be accepted for Italy or in transit through Italy.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were six attacks and five deaths from plague and five attacks from small-pox on Monday in Bombay, out of a total mortality of 61 from all causes. The total mortality on the corresponding day of 1914 was 94 and in 1913 it was 124. There were no cholera cases on Monday. Two of the plague attacks were reported from Bhuleshwar, two from Middle and Lower Colaba and one each from Mandvi and Umerkhadi. The total number of rats caught was 1,635, out of which 31 were found to be plague stricken. A Ward contributed 3 of these latter, B Ward 18, C Ward 6, D Ward 1, E Ward 3, while the F and G Wards did not contribute any.

RUN OVER BY AN ENGINE.

At the morgue, on Tuesday morning, Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner held an inquest on the body of Rama Shewa, (40), a labourer, employed at the Parel Workshops of the B. B. & C. I. Railway. On Saturday evening the deceased was repairing a siding in the engine-shed at Parel with five other labourers, when a light engine came up. The other labourers moved out of the danger in time, but the deceased was knocked down and run over. He was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital where he died. The verdict of the jury was that he died by his having been accidentally run over by a railway engine.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION

The Lectures in First Aid to the Injured under the auspices of the Bombay City Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association will commence from Sunday the 13th June, Dr K. S. Patel, M.B., B.S., Demonstrator in Physiology, Grant Medical College, will deliver these lectures at the Central Hall of the Elphinstone High School, Dhobitalao. The course consists of a series of about eight lectures fully illustrated with lantern slides, charts, diagrams, on human anatomy, and physiology, circulatory respiratory, digestive and nervous systems, fractures, drowning, and poisoning, etc., one hour every Sunday only, from 3 to 4 p.m. (S. T.), for persons of all communities. No fees are received for this very useful instruction. Intending gentlemen are requested to register their names with Mr. D. F. Panthaki, Honorary Class Organiser, No. 9, Karelvadi, Bombay.

A Home Nursing Class will also be organised from the same date, and Dr. Merwanji Dinshah Printer, L.M. & S., L.R.C.P. & S., will deliver lectures in the subject every Sunday from 3-15 to 4-15 p.m. (S. T.), in the Central Hall of the Elphinstone High School. There will be a series of about eight interesting lectures. Gentlemen having passed the First Aid Examination will join these lectures. Intending gentlemen are requested to have their names registered at the above address with Mr. D. F. Panthaki, Honorary Class Organiser.

IMPERIAL INDIAN WAR RELIEF FUND.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S BRANCH.

Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 378,642; Mr. M. P. Harisram, Pemetara, Raipur, 100; per Mrs. Oldfield, Jetalsar:—Haji Tarmahmud Aib of Vasavad, Rs. 50; per Treasury Officer, Palanpur:—Japtidar of Kamboi, Rs. 100; Sundry subscribers, Rs. 7, Rs. 107; H. H. the Rani of Amod, Rs. 200; A friend, Rs. 17; Proceeds Miss Gauhar Jan's concert, Rs. 250; per Deputy Collector, West Khandesh, Rs. 3; Mrs. McLeod, Rs. 30; Mr. J. Sladen, I.C.S., Rs. 200; Rewa Kantha Panch Mahals Branch:—Collected by Mrs. Phiroz H. Dastur in Mandod, Rs. 361, Rs. 379,960.

NAVAL BRANCH.

Amount already acknowledged, Rs. 29,092-0-3; H. H. the Maharajah of Balrampur (7th contribution), Rs. 1,000-0-0; Proceeds of entertainment at Edwardes Theatre, Rs. 234-8-0; Half proceeds ofsale of programmes at Excelsior Theatre during January, Rs. 183-3-0; Proceeds of entertainment at Gaiety Theatre, Rs. 157-4-0; The Women of Buldana, Rs. 75; Rustomjee, Rs. 15; Miss Banoo S. Adenwalla, Rs. 12; A well-wisher, Rs. 10; Mrs. C. D. Baker, Rs. 10; Mrs. Barham, Rs. 10; Sums under Rs. 10, Rs. 27-8-0, Rs. 30,816-7-3.

A RAILWAY GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—Will you kindly give the following space in your valuable journal.

On the night of the 17th at Abu Road I was a witness to an incident which I think should be made public in the hope that the administration of the B. B. & C. I. Railway will take up the matter. I would have written earlier but have just returned from canvassing and will shortly leave again. Hence my making this public so late.

On the 17th three Mahomedan etc., passengers were disturbed from their sleep in the 21 fast passenger at Abu Road by the ticket collector, under from the assistant station-master.

It appears a European gentleman, a first-class passenger wanted room and instructed the assistant station master to rouse these passengers and check their tickets. On checking, it was found that they had second-class concession tickets to Ajmer due, but at Ahmedabad they had paid the difference of fares between 2nd and 1st for their three tickets.

The assistant station-master, notwithstanding the protests of one of them, forced him to vacate and go into the second-class. The guard, a smart and intelligent man, was unable to interfere as he was told by the A. S. M. to keep quiet as one of the rules is that a guard is subordinate to a station-master whilst in station limits. This is what I came to learn afterwards; the guard was most polite and civil and did all in his power to help the passengers and informed them that the wisest course was to report the matter to the Traffic Superintendent Ajmer, or General Traffic Manager, Bombay, and to make a reference to him if a refund of fare was wanted. I think this was quite a highhanded procedure. The A. S. M.'s reason was that "no difference of fares can be paid on concession tickets." If such be the case why did Ahmedabad issue the excess fare tickets. It is a pity that the Railway do not keep an European A.S. at this important station, which always has a large European element passing by and also going to Mount Abu.—Yours etc.

TRUTH.

Bombay, 26th May 1915.

A SCULPTOR'S PHILOSOPHY.

"You ask me what will result from this slaying of the Dragon—how its death will affect the world of art," writes Mr. Basil Gotto, the well-known sculptor, in the "Evening News." "Life in the days to come will be taken more seriously, and death more lightly. In realisation of these tions the truth that art is long and life is short will be impressed.

"England was never decadent, but accepted the decadent ideas of other countries; to-day those alien extravagances are interned. When the weeds are cut down, the unobtrusive grain gets a chance."

KING GEORGE V. ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1914.

In their report of the League for the year 1914, Drs. J. A. Turner and N. H. Crooksy, Joint Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers, observe:—

The work of the League during the year was not characterised by any fresh developments, inasmuch as the Executive Committee considered it desirable to await impending fresh liabilities under the decision of the Municipal Corporation with regard to our proposal to utilise the Wards at the Maratha Hospital for cases of Advanced Pulmonary Tuberculosis, as also for the purposes of a dispensary, was known. It was not till February 1915, that the Corporation decided not to accede to our request. It is indeed to be regretted that an expedient measure of the kind suggested was vetoed, not because it was found to be undesirable, impracticable, or costly, but owing to some technical difficulty connected with the financial arrangements between the Government and the Corporation. The provision of 20 beds at the J. J. Hospital, 12 at the Cama and about 10 at the Adams Wylie Hospital is all that this city which loses on an average about 2,000 cases annually from Tuberculosis of all kinds, fully two-thirds of whom succumb from Pulmonary Consumption, could provide! The problem will have to be boldly and fearlessly faced, whether it be the Government or the Municipal Corporation or any philanthropic agency. The control of Tuberculosis is a question that must be undertaken.

Dr. Coutinho continued in charge of the Dispensary throughout the year, except for a period of 6 weeks during which he was allowed by the Executive Committee to act as Municipal Analyst. He has continued to hold in addition the post of a Tutor at the Grant Medical College. He has discharged his duties satisfactorily.

The number of patients who sought relief was 1542 as compared with 2019 during the previous year. Tuberculosis patients of all sorts numbered 541, i.e. about 33 per cent. as compared with 501, 25 per cent. during the previous year. Patients were referred to the dispensary by charitable institutions as also by private practitioners. The Medical Officer paid 360 visits to patients unable to attend the dispensary. The Nurses made 1823 visits.

NOTIFICATION OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Though Tuberculosis is a notifiable disease, compulsory notification is not yet enforced in the city. Considering that there exist 4 to 5 cases to every death reported from Tuberculosis, the statistics of the Health Department show that there are approximately about 10,000 cases in the city. The number however must be considerably larger especially when the Mahomedan Purdah population is taken into account. The League has therefore touched but a fringe of the Tuberculosis problem. About 1,000 cases have come under observation and of these 593 were found to be suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

The Executive Committee regrets to observe that their efforts in interesting the large employers of labour have met with the success that was anticipated, nor have the general public adequately responded to our appeal. The only Company that has so far subscribed is the Swadeshi Mills of which Messrs. Tata, Sons and Co., are the agents who have subscribed Rs. 500. Notable among the Donors of this year is his Excellency the Viceroy who has evinced his interest in the League by a donation of Rs. 100. The total donations, subscriptions, etc., received during the year, amounted to Rs. 3,245-13-8. The maintenance of the Dispensary and Information Bureau has cost Rs. 12 833-6.0. The balance in hand on 31st December 1914, was Rs. 56,431-1-11.

A sum of Rs. 10,000 will have to be paid shortly to the Bombay Sanitary Association as the share of the League towards the Building Fund of the Sanitary Institute. In consideration thereof and a monthly rental of Rs. 100 the Sanitary Association has placed the entire ground floor of the building at the disposal of the League.

The Executive Committee tender their acknowledgements to the Government of Bombay, for their annual grant of Rs. 10,000 for 3 years, to the Municipal Corporation for their annual grant of Rs. 10,000, to Mr. Ratan Tata for his initial contribution of Rs. 15,000, and the recurring annual grant of Rs. 5,000 as also to all Donors, Life and Annual Members for their support.

CALLS TO THE BAR.

The following gentlemen were called to the Bar on April 28:—

Lincoln's Inn.—Rupchand Lilaram Lalvani; H. R. Langridge, Hertford Coll., Oxford, M.A., Banbihari Das; Mohamed Saaduddin Khan; B. C. Marsh, Pemb, Coll., Camb; L. L'E. W. Edwards, Jesus Coll., Camb; R. K. Rowell, London Univ. E. A. Graty; London Univ. P. J. Bennett, London Univ. J. A. G. Sterling; O. I'A. Thurston, London Univ. B.Sc., Syed Mohamed Masih; Calcutta Univ. B.A., J. H. Burgees, London Univ. F. H. Peake; N. L. Craig, Major, A.S.C., Trin, Coll., Dublin, B.A., LL.B., Joti Parshad, Edin. Univ.

Inner Temple.—L. P. Millar, Oxford; K. F. Patel, Oxford; O. T. Rayner, M.A., Oxford; G. St. C. Pilcher, Camb; K. P. P. Pillai, B.A., Camb; and H. S. G. Buckmaster, B.A., Oxford.

Middle Temple.—R. D. Acton; Lutfi Ali Chaudhury; H. J. Capon, M.D., L.R.C.P., Lond. M.R.C.S, Eng. L. T. A.; Rafreuddin Tariduddin Munshi, B.A.i Camb.; Syed Mohomed Ahmad, M.A., Edin.; Nyun Maung, B.A., Camb.; H. C. F. Cox, Staff Officer, Berbice Defence Force; M. de la Paz Garsia, B.A., Oxon, Second Lieutenant, 3rd Somerset Light Infantry; Braja Kishore Chaudhuri, B.A., Maung Chit Swe, B.A., Camb.; and H. W. Samuel.

Gray's Inn.—S. S. Davis, Chief Assistant Treasurer, Gold Coast Colony; F. S. Eckersley; Sna Ullah Mahli, B.A., Christ's Coll., Camb.; LL.D., Trin. Coll., Dublin; Shauq Chand; G. Witt, LL.B., Manchester Univ.; F. Smith, B.A., Univ. of London; Surendra Nath Chakravarty, B.A., Calcutta Univ.; F. A. Williams, B.A., Durham; Chunibhai Jethabhai Amin, M.A., LL.B., Bombay Univ. a Vakil of the Bombay High Court; A. E. Christoffelsz, B.A., LL.B., Camb., Ceylon Government Scholar.

INSULTING TOAST AT VALPARAISO.

Mr. William Lamond Allardyce, ex-Governor of the Falkland Islands, relates that after the naval battle off the Chilian coast, in which the Good Hope and Monmouth were lost, a Colonel in the German Colony at Valparaiso, banqueted Admiral von Spee and his officers. The final toast of the evening was "Damnation to the British Navy." When it was proposed the German Admiral rose, and said that neither he nor his officers would respond. The Naval Officers than withdrew. At the door Admiral von Spee, noticing that flowers were strewn on the steps in his honour; remarked—"You had better keep those for my grave; they may be wanted."

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

THEFT OF SHEETS OF LEAD

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which Sub-Inspector Rane charged Sakharam Nasoo and Gopal Mani with theft of 17 sheets of lead valued at Rs. 100 from the offices of the Sub-Engineer in the Public Works Department.

The facts of the case were that on Sunday the accused took out some sheets of lead from the store-room, loaded them in a cart, and drove the cart towards the Victoria Terminus.

Police Sepoy No. 649 was on his patrol and suspecting something wrong, asked the cart driver. On his inability to answer satisfactorily, accused No. 1 who was seated in the cart was arrested by the Police. Accused No. 2 was arrested after a short time on the statement made by accused No. 1.

Both the accused pleaded guilty and his Worship sentenced accused No. 1 to two months' rigorous imprisonment, and accused No 2 to one month's rigorous imprisonments.

AN OLD OFFENDER.

HIS SEVENTH CONVICTION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Sabaji Rao brought John Charles Doyle 'alias' B. C. Gomes before the Court, on the charge of theft of clothes valued at Rs. 13 belonging to one Ahmed Suleman, tailor and outntter, residing at Carnac Road. He was also charged with stealing wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 35, belonging to another tailor, named Antone Vaz.

The case for the prosecution was that on the 1st of May, the accused went to the first complainant's shop and wanted to see some clothes. On his disapproval he left the shop empty handed. The accused had left back a newspaper in the shop, and Ahmed on running after him to hand him over the paper, found a parcel of clothes stolen from his shop in his hand. The accused was handed over to the Police.

The facts of the other case were that on 7th March accused went to Vaz's shop and asked Vaz to get some tea. On Vaz's return he found that the accused had disappeared with some clothes.

As there were six previous convictions against the: accused, his Worship sentenced him to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, the Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Newby charged Sorabji Ardeshir Wadia, with breach of trust in respect of Rs. 175 belonging to Mr. Merwanji Adulji Baramull, Dr. Navarrah and Mr. Byramji R. Jijibhoy.

The accused pleaded guilty to all the charges. His Worship sentenced him to one day's imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 220, in all or in default to two and a half months' rigorous imprisonment. Some of the complainants were awarded certain compensations out of the fine if paid.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY ADVERTISEMENT.

A MADRAS PROSECUTION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 25.

To-day at the George Town Police Court G. Natesa Naicken was charged by the police with having run a bogus concern under the title of Gilbert Elliot and Co., in Royapuram.

The story for the prosecution was that the accused cheated a number of people by inducing them to purchase from him articles of very little value on the promise of each purchaser of an ordinary metal nib fountain pen getting a silver watch free. This advertisement was published extensively in many of the newspapers in India and Burma.

The advertisement led the readers to believe that they would really get a silver watch along with the fountain pen for Rs. 1-12. A large number of purchasers complained to the accused when they did not get watches and on reply he sent most of them a circular handbill laying down conditions on which they could get the watch, viz., that they should secure six more purchasers on receipt of whose remittances they were informed they would get the watch. As the accused, it was alleged, had failed to inform his customers of these conditions till after they had made the purchase and as he had induced them to part with their money by practising deception on them, he was charged by the police. Three other similar firms have also been charged and cases against them are pending trial. The case against Natesa Naicken has been adjourned.

ENTITLED TO BE DRUNK.

PRIVILEGE OF A PUBLIC-HOUSE LODGER.

Judgment was delivered in a King's Bench Divisional Court on April 29, by the Lord Chief Justice and Justices Coleridge and Avory in an appeal on the question whether a person who engages a room in a licensed hotel can be charged with an offence under the Licensing Acts if he is found drunk on the premises after closing hours. The question was raised by Mr. Charles Young, of Brighton, who appealed against a conviction by the Brighton Justices. It appeared that Mr. Young, who engaged a room at a Brighton hotel, was found drunk in a bar of the premises very late at night, and the magistrates fined him for an offence under the Licensing Acts.

The Lord Chief Justice said they were bound by two authorities, decided in 1887 and 1897, both of which held that licensed premise ceased to be licensed after closing hours, and that the landlord could not be convicted of an offence if he were drunk on his premises after the house was closed. That being so, they were bound to hold that a lodger was in the same category as the landlord, and could not be convicted if he got drunk on the premises after closing hours.

Mr. Justice Avory said he regretted that the law which prevailed now was not the same as it was in the time of James, when it was an offence to be drunk anywhere. (Laughter.) They heard too much of the foolish remark, "A man can get drunk in his own home if he likes." The appeal was allowed, and the conviction quashed.

"JAM-E-JAMSHED" DEFAMATION CASE.

"HUMOROUS NOTES" FROM THE "PARSI."

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Mr. H. J. Bhabha, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Zoroastrian Conference, and Professor P. A. Wadia, Dr. N. N. Katrak and Mr. S. C. Petit, Secretaries, charged Mr. J. B. Marzban, Proprietor of the "Jame-Jamshed" and Mr. P. J. Marzban, the editor, with defamation. Mr. G. S. Velinker, Barrister, and Mr. D. M. Madon, Advocate, instructed by Mr. Pocha, Solicitor, appeared for the complainants, while Mr. V. F. Vicaji was for the defence.

Mr. Vicaji, as arranged previously, read to the Court translations of certain articles published in the "Parsi," which were put in on behalf of the defence. The heading of the first article which Mr. V. F. Vicaji read was "The Jame-Jamshed and Alahi Baug: The Device of making fools of Parsees." The second article which he read was headed "Humorous Notes."

Mr. Vicaji pointed out certain expressions, which, he said, were used to express contempt towards the "Jame."

"I THANK THEE, JEW."

The next article was headed "Fie on such ideas: 'Jame-Jamshed' and Conscience." He object to the following sentence in the article:—"I thank thee, Jew, for having taught us that word 'Conscience.'"

Mr. Vicaji contended that the word "Jew" was applied to the "Jame-Jamshed" in contempt. Mr. Vicaji referred to another paragraph in which he said, it was suggested that the "Jame" was a fit paper to be read in a lunatic asylum. He then read an article headed "Ignorance of the 'Jame-Jamshed.'"

Mr. Vicaji objected to another article saying that the passage imputed dishonesty to the writers in the "Jame," and accused it of concealing the truth about the Conference from the Parsi Community.

"DEVIL WORSHIP" AMONG PARSIS.

Mr. Vicaji then read to the Court a passage in which the practice of devil-worship existing among the Parsis in the motussil, was condemned. He pointed out a passage wherein it was stated that for this practice of devil-worship the orthodox Parsi press was responsible to some extent. Mr. Vicaji remarked that this was a clear hit against the "Jame-Jamshed" which was charged with encouraging devil-worship for the love of mammon.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned till Wednesday.

PUNJAB PRESS AND THE GOVERNMENT.

PROTEST MEETING OF JOURNALISTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, May 25.

At a well-attended meeting of the Punjab Press Association held here on Sunday last under the presidency of Mr. Barkat Ali Khan, editor of the "Observer" resolutions were passed repudiating the insinuations against the "Hindustan" and other vernacular newspapers in some statements made before the Special Tribunal, Multan, and emphasising the services of the Vernacular Press, including the "Hindustan," in preventing the circulation of unfounded rumours and absurd gossips, and suggesting that a deputation of journalists should wait upon the Lieutenant-Governor to represent the grievances of the Vernacular Press, the motives of which are often misrepresented.

Another resolution respectfully drew the attention of his Excellency the Viceroy to the suggestion of the "Daily Telegraph," Lucknow, for the removal of Mr. Mahomed Ali of the "Comrade" to some hill station on account of his ill-health.

JHUGGIWALA DACOITY CASE.

EIGHT ACCUSED SENTENCED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MULTAN, May 25.

In the Jhuggiwala case the Special Tribunal has sentenced seven accused to ten years' transportation, one to two years' rigorous and acquitted two. The Basti Naurang case with eleven accused was taken up yesterday.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

OOTACAMUND, May 25.

A meeting of the Madras Legislative Council was held this morning at Government House with a very large attendance of members, Lord Pentland presiding.

After the interpellations Mr. B. N. Narasimha Ayyar introduced a bill to amend the Madras Regulation 11 of 1816 with a view to abolish the primitive punishment of confining the lower classes in stocks for petty offences in villages as a degrading form of punishment no longer to be continued in these times of civilization.

Sir Harold Stuart said that Government was going to introduce legislation on a more comprehensive basis very soon and there was no urgency to introduce any amending measure of this description.

Mr. Narasimha Ayyar requested Government at any rate by an executive order to put an end to such punishment pending their legislation on a comprehensive basis.

Government promised to consider this request and Mr. Narasimha Ayyer withdrew his motion.

On the motion of Mr. P. Sivaswamy Iyer the Bill to Amend the Madras Port Trust Act of 1915 was passed into law.

The Council then proceeded to discuss a number of resolutions on matters of public interest.

SPORT AT HOME.

TURF NOTES OF THE WEEK.

POMMERN'S CHANCE FOR THE GUINEAS.

After the victories of Fiz-Yama and Black Jester at Epsom we ought, I suppose, to follow the top-weight—Maiden Erlegh—in the Victoria Cup at Hurst Park, and Willbrook in the Chester Cup, but whether Black Jester will be capable of carrying a ten lb. penalty, making his burden 9st. 10lb., in the "Jubilee" Handicap at Kempton Park, is a debatable subject, says the Racing correspondent of "The Referee." It is to be doubted if 9st. 10lb. would have stopped the dark-coated and nicely balanced son of Polymelus. He won with admirable ease, and was so little disturbed by his effort in the contest that he kept tugging at the lead in order that his attendant might permit him to nibble the grass while W. Huxley weighed in. He sweated somewhat, for the sun had been fairly warm, but otherwise gave one the impression that he could easily have gone the course in the same manner once again.

When Minting, after some delay at the post, won the "Jubilee" Handicap, he carried 10st. Fred Webb sent him to the front a long way from home, and he won in a canter. When he returned to the weighing-room door (then on the opposite side to the present one), he would not "have blown a candle out," as they say. Then, however, the distance was only a mile. To make the additional quarter of a mile the course had to be banked up to start above a huge culvert connected with the Water Board works. Victor Wild won for the second time under 9st. 7lb. (again at a mile), but in 1904 Ypsilanti easily annexed the Queen's Prize of a mile and a quarter, put up 10lb. extra in the "Jubilee" Handicap (also of a mile and a quarter), and won for a second time, under 9st. 5lb., giving Cerisier, who was second, no less than 3st. 6lb. Dean Swift ran in that race, receiving from Ypsilanti 3st. 3lb.

From all which it will be observed that Black Jester is not out of the Sunbury race with 9st. 10lb. if he goes in place of Princess Dorrie, who has not been mentioned at exercise of late. The minor forfeit was paid in this event for Sun Yat and Blue Stone, the latter of whom is an acceptor for the Victoria Cup at Hurst Park (on May Day), where Radiant did not accept. Fiz-Yama, the winner of the Great Metropolitan, will, if sent to the Roodee, be compelled to carry 9st. 4lb., which is the weight under which Asteroid prevailed in 1863, and 4lb. more than Santo Strato bore to victory in the Chester Cup of 1909.

Diadumenos ran right well, and his cough had not apparently been of much disadvantage to him, for he turned out bright in coat and looked very fit. Black Jester was giving him 16lb., as would have been the case in the Jubilee Handicap, had not the Wantage horse earned a 10lb. penalty. Dan Russell has a pound less at Kempton Park than he carried at Epsom. Woodwild has 2lb. less at Sunbury than was borne in the City and Suburban. This chestnut bears a considerable, resemblance to Gallinule, but is not related on either side of his pedigree to that defunct stallion. Florist is still quite backward, and cannot for a long time be expected to appear in that condition which enabled him, as a three-year-old, to earn four successive brackets, including the Duke of York Stakes, in a canter, carrying 8st. 6lb.

A week ago we entertained the cheerful belief that the Royal banner would be easily carried to the front in the Two Thousand Guineas by Friar Marcus, the wish being father to the thought. However, the son of Cicero has been beaten in his trial, and is one of those three-year-olds who comes to hand later in the season. Persimmon was very similarly situated, otherwise St. Frusquin would probably not have won the Newmarket classic. Friar Marcus is still down as a probable runner, and we hope he will give a display similar to what we saw in the Middle Park Plate. Rossendale defeated the favourite, Pommern, recently in the Craven Stakes, but in receipt of 15lb., whereas the pair will meet on Wednesday next at even terms. Since then Rossendale, missing the falling competitors, Vaucluse and The Revenge, took up the running in the contest for the Tudor Plate at Sandown Park, and raced home an easy winner from Elkington, who was in receipt of 7lb. This form gives Pommern a capital chance in the Guineas, and it will be noted that when he won the Richmond Stakes at Goodwood last year next to him was Sammarco, who won Friar Marcus's recent trial. He also captured the valuable Imperial Produce Plate at Kempton Park.

Let Fly and Sunfire recently tied at Newbury, and the latter put up a very plucky fight. He should be running on when the field emerges from the Dip. Elkington's stable companion, Tournament, is by Spearmint, from Sirenia, grandam also of Elkington. Last year Tournament started in chief demand for the Moulton Stakes at Newmarket, but only finished third to Archelaus and Sammarco. He has not been seen in public this season, but much improvement is claimed for him. Tuxedo has been leading Pommern in some strong work, and he will be all the better for his recent outing. So, leaving Friar Marcus for the present, I prefer Pommern, next to whom I expect the most prominent performance from Sunfire.

The sub-committee of the Benares Hindu University are now at Simla discussing informally the regulations of the University with the Education Department.

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

LEADING ARTICLES.	PAGE.
A "Liberal" Scheme	6
A Trade that is being Captured	6
NOTES OF THE DAY	6
OPINIONS OF THE DAY	4
FOREIGN NEWS.	
War Telegrams	7
INDIAN TELEGRAMS	5, 7 & 8
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL.	
Bombay Police Courts	5
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	5
GENERAL NEWS.	
Concerning Salmon and its Cooking	9
Regenerated Fashion of Mind	9
Bribing the Children	9
The Delhi Conspiracy Case	10
Lahore Conspiracy Case	10
SPORTING NEWS	5
COMMERCIAL	4
SHIPPING	4
THE WEATHER	3
CORRESPONDENCES	
Oil Experts and the Recent Government Reports	4
A Useless and Misleading Report...	4
A Railway Grievance	5
Hejaz Steam Navigation Company.	8
ILLUSTRATIONS.	
Fashions of To-day	9

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, May 26, 1915.

A "LIBERAL" SCHEME.

At the first blush the press communiqué from the Government of India on the wheat export scheme produced a feeling of gratification that a fuller statement was at last forthcoming in regard to the principal features of this great undertaking which have been shrouded in so much mystery since its inception. But those who supposed that a great many features would be disclosed, for which the public have been waiting with anxious expectancy for a considerable time, are disappointed. The communiqué tells us hardly anything. It sounds incredible, but it is a fact nevertheless, that this long screed contains not a shred of the information for which the public has been asking. A long-winded initial paragraph prepares us for what we have to present the selling agents in the way of commission both at home and abroad, amounting to no less than sixpence on every 492 lbs. of wheat disposed of. What this will amount to on 2,000,000 tons is too stupendous, for ready calculation. But it is clear to us that this magnificent profit must far exceed any *bona fide* trading result in the cereal the agent firms have ever earned in the history of their business. And we venture to say that a clear net profit of sixpence per quarter has never even been dreamt of by them in their trading experience as a *bona fide* business possibility, without taking into account the one-eighth per cent. sinecure for acting as guarantee brokers into the bargain. The second paragraph is devoted to outlining the personnel of the Indian Wheat Committee. There are seven of them, all tried and true, of ripe experience in everything from Fisheries to Treasuries, and, if the honoraria to this department are based on the same liberal scale as what is to be doled out to the selling division, we are apprehensive that Mr. Percy Glanville and his brother charterers will stand a poor chance of getting their "cut," unless with Baltic aptitude they succeeded in getting in somewhat early: for with such an unblushing display of symptoms of prodigal liberality there may not be anything left, when their turn comes, to satisfy the chartering claims, whatever they may be. The third paragraph deals exclusively with finance, and as might be expected from the ingenuous and liberal methods which have been explained in regard to the selling, this part of the business is simplicity itself. India pays everything. It is estimated that the balances of the Government of India will suffice to provide for the outlay on the purchase of wheat. The Secretary of State has therefore decided that the Government of India shall place funds from their own resources at the disposal of agent firms. This is uncommonly liberal again on the part of the Secretary of State and it is a pity the noble lord did not go the whole hog while he was about it and give the wheat away as a war souvenir. It will be noted that not a word is said in this informative press communiqué as to the rates at which the charters have been effected and the rates realised on the wheat sold up to date; so that the sum total of this "fuller statement" is merely for the purpose of making us in India familiar with what the liabilities may amount to in extenuation of there being no assets worth mentioning when the account of this wheat stewardship is rendered. To characterise a mass of verbiage of this kind as a "fuller statement" is to hold the public intelligence at a very cheap level. We presume that the communiqué has been issued in response to the complaint, which was strongly urged in these columns last week, that the public in this country were being kept in a state of ignorance regarding a great Government undertaking in which India plays the leading part. But, as we have said, it in no way satisfies the demand for information on very material points. As we said then, chartering is one of the most important features attached to the business and the details of what is being done in this direction ought to be made public. We repeat, therefore, the categorical demand for a summary first-hand from Government regarding the charters that are being effected, giving the names of vessels, rates, ports of loading, time of shipment and other details; and the Department of Commerce and Industry will do well to let us have a further communiqué revising the first in the light of the criticisms we have made above. The scheme in its conception and in its principles, is, as we said from the first, one of a most statesmanlike character, and it provided a solution of a problem, which, if it had not been promptly handled, would have threatened a national disaster. But it looks as if the whole business is going to be spoilt in the working, and as usual, when the working out of any financial or economical scheme gets into the hands of advisers of the India Office, permanent or casual, Indian interests are subordinated to a host of considerations, which would not be allowed to play a part if the matter could be exclusively settled in this country.

A TRADE THAT IS BEING CAPTURED

Every belligerent country expects to suffer considerably with regard to its trade, especially that connected with products derived from other countries, and there were not a few who fully expected a complete disorganization of trade on the outbreak of war. But the results have belied the prediction. There was one branch which caused great concern and the most optimistic scarcely expected that at the end of eight months of war the United Kingdom would be so favourably situated. We refer to the very satisfactory condition of the drug supply. With an army multiplied almost a score of times, and a good part of this in the fighting line, the demand on certain classes of drugs is such that it was difficult to see how adequate provision could be made beforehand. Then Britain was so dependent on Germany for so many valuable drugs that the supply was cut short at once. Yet, in spite of the unforeseen conditions, the great demand and the severance of supplies, it cannot be said that the British Empire has suffered to any great extent by the shortage. The credit of the result is due to the Government and medical practitioners, who early took steps to conserve all the available drugs by recommending a sparing use of certain drugs, and to the British chemists who have shown considerable enterprise in their efforts to produce substances which, if not always identical with the foreign product, possessed their qualities. Suddenly to increase the machinery, and that of a complicated nature, and to launch out on the production of drugs, which have been before produced only by men acquainted with the trade secrets, was not an easy matter, and it is not surprising that the first optimistic, though rather wild, ideas of some people, were doomed to disappointment. When goods were easily procurable from Germany at a moderate price, the British manufacturers were not particularly zealous in their competition, and in some cases they left the field entirely to our enemies. But when "needs must," the Britisher responds, with the result that to-day we have in sight the production of many articles which were formerly the sole property of Germans. By this, we do not mean Government have ridden roughshod over the laws of the country by which the foreign products are guaranteed. The whole subject of patents etc., was considered by the Home Secretary, and only after the closest investigation was permission given for the manufacture of certain drugs urgently required. The number of these steadily increased, so that there are now several large firms at work carrying on experiments and research work with a view to capturing the trade which once went to Germany. In some branches the British chemist has shown that he is not one whit behind his competitors when once he has determined to achieve a certain object. Yet he has been seriously handicapped by the fact that he has not devoted much attention in the past to purely research work, but in the cases where this has been done, the best men have frequently responded to the call of their country for active service.

The British Empire is of great extent, producing every class of natural produce, and it is difficult to imagine any plant of importance which cannot be found in some part or other. Yet several drugs, including several alkoloids, thymol, lanolin, the constituents of which come almost entirely from British possessions, have been hitherto in the hands of German manufacturers. Recently something has been done to make these substances in England and they are gradually increasing the output so as to affect the market. Some drugs cannot be obtained as yet, but this has led to the discovery of the value of many lesser known substances which appear to serve the purpose equally well. Patent medicines can scarcely be called drugs, yet they form so important a part of the treatment of invalids in these days, that their use often takes the place of drugs. Several well-known patent medicines come from the German market, but already some of them have been superseded by British medicines practically identical though selling under a new name. With the increased activity among British chemists we shall not only be assured of an adequate supply of necessary drugs during war time but there is every prospect that they will permanently capture the trade.

Notes of the Day.

Italy and the Allies.

The announcement that Italy has settled, signed and sealed an agreement with the Entente Powers to pursue the common political, economic and military ends of the four is eminently satisfactory. Italy has joined the war for reasons distinct from those which brought Russia, France and then England into conflict with the Teutonic Powers. She seeks frankly the acquisition of territories which she has long openly designed to acquire on the ground that they are racially, ethnologically or economically Italian. But the fact that her quarrel with Austria and Germany is not due to the same causes as that of the Triple Entente becomes now a secondary consideration as compared with the main object of the four,—the defeat of Austria and Germany. And that can best be brought about by Italy following the example of Russia, France and England and agreeing to submit her strategical plans to the common interest. There are two developments which may now occur. One would be the contribution by Italy of a contingent to the Western Front, the other the despatch of French and British expeditions to Italy to take part in a joint invasion of Austria.

Swiss Neutrality.

According to a telegram from Berne, Italy, Austria and Germany have announced that they will rigorously observe the neutrality of Switzerland. This will, perhaps be reassuring news to those who, ever since the Italian declaration of war, have been haunted with fearful visions of Switzerland becoming another Belgium. As far as Italy is concerned it may be taken for granted that the very fact of her having joined a coalition of Powers, who are fighting for the vindication of the public law of the civilized world, will be a sufficient guarantee that she will not disregard that law. But time alone will prove the sincerity of Germany's declaration of her intention to respect the neutrality of Switzerland. It is enough to remember that she has so far not only violated all the principles of international law and morality, but has also trampled on the most sacred sentiments of humanity. And it was Germany who, just two days before her premeditated invasion of Belgium, gave the completest assurance to the Belgian Minister of her anxiety to respect Belgian integrity? Indeed, the record of German faithlessness makes it only too probable that the suggestion by Major Moraht in the "Berliner Tageblatt" was not uninspired.

America, China and Japan.

We imagine that the American Note to China and Japan need not be taken as involving any further complications in the Far East. According to "The Times" correspondent in Peking the Note "refuses to recognise any agreement impairing American rights in China, the political and territorial integrity of China or the open-door policy." These after all are merely pious platitudes and a refusal to recognise such an agreement has not much value if the agreement has already been made; unless Mr. Wilson and Mr. Bryant are prepared to forget that they are elders of the Presbyterian Church and back up their refusal-to-recognise with force. As a matter of fact, however, there is no reason to suppose that the Japanese demands to which China has acceded violate in actual fact any of the conditions laid down in the United States Note, and it is important to remember that Mr. Bryan, as well as Sir Edward Grey, was kept informed all along of the progress of the negotiations and that Japan modified her demands from time to time in deference to the views of both Washington and London.

Application of American Doctrine.

The original demands of Japan were certainly of a most sweeping character, but a very much modified version was given three months afterwards. This included a virtually exclusive protectorate over South Manchuria and Eastern Inner Mongolia, in which Japan has long held a special position; the transfer to Japan of Germany's predominance in the Shantung Province; a joint ownership and exploitation of the Han-Yeh-Ping Company's ironworks and coalmines, in which the Japanese Government has a large financial interest; a right of priority in any development by foreign capital in the Province of Fukien, off which lies the Japanese island of Formosa; and certain engagements as to railway concessions, the purchase of war material from Japan, and the inclusion of Japanese among the foreigners whom the Chinese Government employs. There is nothing in all this to which America can take exception, and certainly nothing on which she could base a *casus belli*; while the application of the Monroe Doctrine, which is to be found in much of the demands, ought to command her assent and respect!

Egyptian Orders.

It was noticeable that on his accession to the Egyptian Throne, the new Sultan did not confer any orders or decorations, which was in distinct breach of all precedent. As a matter of fact the Sultan had at his disposal no honours to bestow, for during the old regime, it was the Turkish and not the Egyptian Throne which was the fountain of all honour. The Khedive had enjoyed the privilege of bestowing certain minor Turkish decorations, but all the higher orders were in the gift of Constantinople. Since his accession, however, Hussein Kamil Pasha has introduced a new chivalry into his dominions and from now will bestow honours on his subjects at his own discretion, like any other potentate. As a substitute for the old Turkish orders of the Osmanieh and the Mejidieh four new ones have been created. The first of these is the "Mohammed Ali" and the second in distinction the "Nile." The grand mastership in both cases will be reserved for the Egyptian Sultans only. The "Mohammed Ali" star is inscribed in Kufic letters "Mercy, Justice and Generosity constitute the strength of a Government." The Sash of the Order is green and only Royalties are eligible for it.

Orders of 'Agriculture' and "El Kemal."

Husbandry which is the soul of Egypt will in future have as its guerdon the "Order of Agriculture." This is divided into two classes, knights and companions, and bears on the insignia the device—"He who sows reaps." But it is the last decoration of all which is most eloquent of the new spirit which permeats the Moslems of the Mediterranean nowadays. This is the Order of "El-Kemal" (Perfection) which is for women only. It is divided into three classes and on the badge of each class is inscribed in Kufic characters "Charity, Devotion, Duty, Nobility and Pity"—the concensus of Perfection. The initiative of Egypts' new sovereign is clearly discernible in this innovation and it is evident that, if the Government follow his advice as far as female education is concerned, the order will not want for aspirants.

A Peaceful Victory.

An important victory has been won by th Indian community resident in Southern Rhodesia in the matter of their civil rights under the immigration laws of the State. In May of last year the authorities published the draft of an Immigration Ordinance which empowered the Administrator to declare as an undesirable inhabitant, "any person or class of persons deemed so by the Administrator on economic grounds, or on account of standard or habits of life," and which also had the effect of shutting out the wives and children of persons other than those professing a religious faith which recognised only monogamous marriages. The legislation was aimed specially against the Indian immigrants, and naturally enough gave rise to a good deal of resentment among them. The Ordinance was adopted by the Legislative Council of the State, but, it would appear, that when submitted later on to the High Commissioner and by him presumably to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, together with the representations made by the Indian community of Southern Rhodesia, the latter made it a condition of assent that an amending Ordinance must be subsequently passed removing the racial disqualifications of Indians. This now appears to have been done and the economic clause now reads very differently, whilst the clause in regard to wives and children protects Indian marriages and their issue. Henceforth, as observed by "Indian Opinion" (Natal):—

It will be impossible for Indians to be declared prohibited immigrants on economic grounds or on those of standard or habits of living unless they are specially so declared by the Administrator with the sanction of the High Commissioner. In other words, the burden and responsibility are placed upon the Imperial Government itself of imposing a stigma upon the Indian people as such. We can hardly imagine the possibility of such an occurrence in view of the happenings of the last two years, and we consider that an important victory has been secured by reason of the amending legislation now passed by the Rhodesian Legislative Council.

The Sarvajanik Education Society.

The Sarvajanik Education Society of Surat is one of those institutions working for the educational progress of the country which have recently come into being as a result of the impetus given by the Deccan Education Society. The aim of the latter Society is, as is well known, to provide a high class educational agency which should at once be disingenuous and economical. And the unprecedented success, which it has so far attained, has been possible only because it has attracted many highly educated and capable young men who, discarding the certain promise offered by more lucrative professions, have given in return for a meagre salary the best part of their life to the educational work of the Society. It is to the glory of this Society that the late Mr. Gokhale devoted to it twenty years of his life. Two years ago Gujarat awoke to the need of a society of this character and the Sarvajanik Society of Surat was organised. From its second annual report, which has just been published, it appears that at the end of the year the Society consisted of 84 life members of whom only two were active life members. The work of the Society is centred on the maintenance of an excellent High School in Surat, but as is admitted in the report itself the progress, though steady, has been slow, especially when it is remembered that Gujarat is rich enough to maintain a few more institutions of this character. A notable event in the history of the Society was the visit of Lord Willingdon, who not only honoured the institution by laying the foundation stone of the School Hostel, but in appreciation of the solid work the Society is doing in the cause of education, gave a handsome sum to the School Hostel Fund and agreed to become its patron.

Official and Personal.

The following are staying at Government House, Mahableshwar:—Mr. and Mrs. Brendon, Mr. and Mrs. Hatch, Mr. Keatinge, and Mr. Dewar.

SHALL WE BE LESS BRAVE?

"One thing is evident in all this awful crash: men still are brave; never before, perhaps, have they fought against such great odds," says a writer in the Atlantic.

"The splendour of their courage dims our eyes.

"Shall the fighters in the world of spirit, 'fighters in the noblest fight,' be less brave in defending in the face of odds, perhaps never so great before, these inner truths, deeper than dogma deeper than theology deeper than life itself, the immmorial heritage of the race—longing unutterable for righteousness, for faith in the spiritual, for enlarging and unending life?"

On Empire Day Messrs. Baldeo Lal and Ehkisham Ali gave a successful evening party to Colonel the Hon. Brodrick, Officers and men of the 5th Battalion, Queen's Regiment at Lucknow. Col. Brodrick expressed his deep gratitude for the entertainment which he realised, had been prompted by feelings of affection. He said the Regiment would have very pleasant recollections of their stay.

THE WAR

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

AUSTRO-ITALIAN HOSTILITIES.

AEROPLANES ATTACK VENICE.

IMPORTANCE OF LORETTE VICTORY.

FRENCH PROGRESS IN GALLIPOLI.

Austria has commenced actual hostilities with Italy by aeroplanes bombarding the arsenal at Venice. Two aeroplanes participated in the attack, and eleven bombs were dropped without much damage before they were driven off by Italian aircraft.

An Italian destroyer made a raid on the island of Porto Buso, wrecking the quay, sinking motor-launches, and capturing 47 prisoners.

An intense struggle continues north of Arras, and a number of counter-attacks north of Neuville.Saint-Vaast were repulsed. The extent of the check sustained by the Germans in this district on the 22nd is emphasised, despite important reinforcements which were brought up in great haste.

Italy, Austria and Germany are said to have announced that they will rigorously observe Swiss neutrality.

Telegrams from Rome state that Italy will seize eighty Austrian and Germans steamers in Italian ports. Their value is four million sterling.

The Kaiser has left Galicia for the West. It is believed that he is going to the Italian front.

It is officially stated from Paris that the capture after thirteen days' very fierce battle of Lorette Heights, constitutes a magnificent victory. The French thus attained one of the principal objects of their action north of Arras.

The French in southern Gallipoli have made substantial progress in spite of the enemy's strong positions.

On the Russian front, the enemy maintains a strong position in the Shawli region, but is acting generally on the defensive in Galicia, Unsuccessful attempts have been made to pierce the Russian front between Przemysl and the marshes of the Dniester.

America is reported to have addressed Notes to China and Japan refusing to recognise any agreement impairing American rights in China, the political and territorial integrity of China or the open door,

The King of the Hellenes is now out of danger.

KING OF GREECE OUT OF DANGER.

ATHENS, May 25.

The King is out of danger.

AUSTRO-ITALIAN HOSTILITIES COMMENCE.

AEROPLANES BOMBARD VENICE ARSENAL.

AUSTRIA COMMENCES HOSTILITIES.

AEROPLANES ATTACK VENICE ARSENAL.

RAILWAY AT ANCONA THREATENED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ROME, May 24.

It is officially announced that Austrian aeroplanes attacked the arsenal at Venice early this morning, but were speedily driven off. They also attacked Porto Corsini near Ravenna and Ancona but were driven off by Italian aircraft.

An Austrian scout ship and destroyers attacked Barletta but were repulsed by an Italian ship and torpedo boats.

Airguns at Porto Corsini bombarded the aeroplanes which were also attacked by an aeroplane and a dirigible.

The enemy's objective at Ancona was the railway which was slightly damaged. The enemy unsuccessfully attempted to drop bombs on the airship shed at Jesi.

ELEVEN BOMBS DROPPED WITHOUT DAMAGE.

LONDON, May 24.

There were two aeroplanes attacking Venice Arsenal. They dropped eleven bombs but no serious damage was done.

ITALIAN DESTROYER'S RAID ON PORTO BUSO.

QUAY DESTROYED AND PRISONERS TAKEN.

ROME, May 24.

It is officially announced that an Italian destroyer entered Porto Buso, a small island near the frontier, and destroyed the quay, sank a number of motor launches and brought off 47 prisoners.

ITALY'S ANCIENT GLORIES.

WHOLE COUNTRY VIBRATING.

ROME, May 24.

War demonstrations have been held throughout Italy and the whole country is vibrating with the memory of its ancient glories.

St. Mark's Venice, has been decorated with flags as when the Venetians sailed to achieve conquests in the Levant.

Almost all the Senators and deputies have asked to serve in the Army and Navy and women are coming forward to replace men in factories and on tramways.

Mobilisation has been practically complete for several days.

BIG SHIPPING HAUL POR ITALY

EIGHTY STEAMERS WORTH FOUR MILLIONS.

LONDON, May 24.

Telegrams from Rome state that Italy will seize eighty Austrian and German steamers in Italian ports. Their value is four millions sterling.

ENEMY MERCHANTMEN,

THE HAGUE CONVENTION.

LONDON, May 25.

Reuter telegraphs from Rome that it is announced that in accordance with the Hague Convention, enemy merchantmen will be returned on the conclusion of peace.

SWISS NEUTRALITY TO BE OBSERVED

BERNE, May 25.

Italy, Austria and Germany announce that they will rigorously observe Swiss neutrality.

AMBASSADORS AND MINISTERS LEAVE ROME.

LONDON, May 25.

The German, Austrian, Bavarian and Prussian Ambassadors and Ministers at the Quirinal and Vatican have left Rome.

FRENCH PROGRESS IN GALLIPOLI.

FURIOUS ATTACK ON BRITISH.

VON SANDERS' TROOPS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, May 25.

It is officially announced that two Turkish divisions, commanded by General Liman von Sanders made a furious attack on the British near Kabatepeh but were repulsed.

The French in Southern Gallipoli, who are in some places only a few yards from the Turkish trenches,have made substantial progress in spite of the enemy's strong defences.

TURKISH DESERTERS FROM SMYRNA.

TAKE REFUGE ON BRITISH VESSELS.

ATHENS, May 24.

Five hundred Turkish soldiers with their officers have deserted from the garrison of Smyrna and taken refuge on the British warships in the Gulf.

CABINET CONJECTURES.

MR. REDMOND AND SIR E. CARSON.

LONDON, May 25.

There appears to be an unanimous hope that Mr. Redmond will be persuaded to join the Cabinet, which will include Sir Edward Carson.

"The Times" states that Mr. Churchill will remain in the Cabinet.

"TIMES" CABINET FORECAST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, May 25.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

The "Times" Parliamentary correspondent gives the following as certain to join the new Cabinet:—

Liberals:—Mr. Asquith, Sir E. Grey, Mr. Lloyd George, Lord Crewe, Mr. Mckenna and Sir J. Simon.

Non-party:—Lord Kitchener.

Non party:—Lord Kitchener.

Law, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Lord Curzon, Sir E. Carson.

Labourite:—Mr. Arthur Henderson.

KAISER GOING TO ITALIAN FRONT.

LONDON, May 25.

The Kaiser has left Galicia for the West.

It is believed that he is going to the Italian front.

"A QUADRUPLE ENTENTE."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, May 25.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

Mr. Donohoe at Rome wires to the "Daily Chronicle":—After the Austro-German Ambassadors had paid farewell calls yesterday, Signor Sounino received the Entente Ambassadors and the Entente became quadruple. The policy of active co-operation, economic, naval and military, was settled, signed and sealed.

ITALIANS IN CALCUTTA.

UNDISGUISED SATISFACTION ON DECLARATION OF WAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 25.

The Italian residents received the news of the declaration of war with undisguised satisfaction and many are arranging to proceed to Europe.

THIRTEEN DAYS' FIERCE BATTLE.

MAGNIFICENT VICTORY OF LORETTE.

IMPORTANCE OF THE POSITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, May 24.

It is officially stated that the capture after the thirteen days' very fierce battle of Lorette Heights which the enemy believed impregnable, constitutes a magnificent victory.

The value attached to the position is shown by the desperate efforts made by the enemy to recapture it.

During the fighting we killed three-thousand Germans and took a thousand prisoners.

Besides the booty in our hands we are daily finding quantities of maxims and mortars hidden in filled-in trenches.

Our losses were high but we attained one of the principal objects of our action north of Arras. This will greatly stimulate our troops, who are supremely confident of victory.

Our superiority in tactics was again unmistakeably confirmed.

POWER OF ASPHYXIATING GASES.

BRITISH LINE PENTRATED BUT RETAKEN.

LONDON, May 24.

Field-Marshal French reports:—Our guns to-day silenced three German batteries, one battery being destroyed by direct hits east of Ypres.

The Germans developed an infantry attack in the early morning under cover of poisonous gas, the artillery firing asphyxiating shells at the same time.

Our troops were forced to evacuate some trenches and the enemy penetrated the line in two or three places. Fighting is proceeding. Portions of the original line have been retaken.

BRITISH MAKE FRESH PROGRESS

IMPORTANCE OF LORETTE SUCCESS.

PARIS, May 24.

This evening's communiqué says:—The British attacks north of La Bassee resulted in fresh progress.

The Germans north of Neuville attempted to attack in strength. Our artillery caught and stopped them dead, inflicting heavy losses.

Supplementary reports emphasise the importance of our success yesterday north-east of Lorette. In a desperate bayonet fight we annihilated the opposing Germans and captured machine-guns.

IMPORTANT GERMAN CHECK.

ENEMY'S FUTILE EFFORTS.

PARIS, May 24.

A communiqué says:—At several points between Steenstraete and Ypres Germans attacked after using gases. They were everywhere repulsed.

Fighting continued with extreme violence north of Arras throughout the 23rd. The French took 120 prisoners.

The Germans made a number of counter-attacks north of Neuville-Saint-Vaast but were repulsed. An intense struggle continues.

The latest news emphasises the extent of the check sustained by the Germans in this district on the 22nd, despite important reinforcements which were brought up in great haste. Their vigorous efforts were three times renewed but failed with considerable losses.

AMERICAN RIGHTS IN CHINA

NOTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

LONDON, May 24.

A Peking message to the "Times" says that the United States has presented identical Notes to China and Japan refusing to recognise any agreement impairing American rights in China, the political and territorial integrity of China or the open-door policy.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

ENEMY MAINTAINS SHAWLI POSITION.

UNSUCCESSFUL EFFORTS NEAR PRZEMYSL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, May 24.

A communiqué says:—In the region of Shawli the enemy maintains a strongly organised position.

We repulsed a strong counter-attack in the region of Klimontow and took a thousand prisoners.

The enemy in Galicia are generally on the defensive.

The enemy made unsuccessful attempts to pierce our front between Przemysl and the marshes of the Dniester. We began the offensive near the Dniester and took nine hundred prisoners.

FIGHTING IN GALICIA.

ENEMY ON THE DEFENSIVE.

PETROGRAD, May 25.

An official statement says that Russian counter-attacks have forced the enemy to act on the defensive along almost the whole Galician front.

The Russians captured several villages on the left bank of the Dniester on Sunday, taking 2,200 prisoners and several dozen mitrailleuses.

SIR EDGAR SPEYER.

MR. ASQUITH'S SYMPATHY.

LONDON, May 25.

Mr. Asquith has sent a letter to Sir Edgar Speyer expressing sympathy and indignation on the baseless and malignant imputations on his loyalty.

The Premier says that the King is not prepared to take any steps regarding the marks of distinction conferred on Sir Edgar Speyer.

Sir Edgar Speyer a few days ago resigned all his public positions, together with his Privy Councillorship and Baronetcy. In a letter to Mr. Asquith he said:—"I have hitherto treated with disdain all suggestions of treachery and disloyalty, but since they have been repeated by public men I cannot longer remain silent. I am not a man to be drummed into an attitude of justification, but I consider it due to my honour as a loyal Britisher to retire from all public positions."

BARON BURIAN RESIGNS.

ROME, May 24.

It is understood that Baron Burian has resigned and will be succeeded by Count Tisza.

WAR GAZETTEER.

The following places are mentioned in to-day's telegrams:—

ARRAS.—The capital of the French dep. of Pas-de-Calais, 120 miles north of Paris.

LA BASSEE.—Ten miles north of Lens.

NOTRE DAME-DE LORETTE.—Eight miles north of Arras.

YPRES.—A Belgium town, 30 miles S.-S.-W. of Bruges and 8 miles from the French frontier. One of the most important towns in Flanders.

STEENSTRAETE.—In Belgium, six miles north of Ypres.

NEUVILLE.—Five miles north of Arras.

GALICIA.—An Austrian province lying between the Carpathians and Russian Poland.

DNIESTER.—A muddy marshy river of Russia, rises in the Carpathian Mountains, in Austrian Galicia and enters the Black Sea by a shallow shore lake, 18 miles long and 5 broad.

PRZEMYSL.—A fortified city in Galicia captured by the Russians, 55 miles west of Lemberg.

KLIMONTOW.—A town of Poland, 13 miles west by south of Sendomir.

RAVENNA.—A walled city of Italy, 43 miles east of Bologna, about five miles from the Adriatic, with which it is connected by the Corsini Canal.

ANCONA.—The capital of a province of Italy, on a promontory of the Adriatic, 127 miles south-east of Ravenna by rail.

JESI.—A town in Italy, 17 miles W.-S.-W. of Ancona, situated on the left bank of the Esina.

GERMAN IDEA OF STATE

LORD BRYCE ON WHAT IT EXPLAINS.

MISUSE OF FACTS.

Lord Bryce presided over a meetng of the Sociological Society on April 27, at the Society of Arts, London, when Mr. G. P. Gooch gave an address on "German Theories of the State."

Lord Bryce said that we were all speculating now upon the nature of the German mind. What was it that made the Germans think so differently from other countries, A brilliant German journalist. Maxmillan Harden, said that "the real trouble is that we cannot get other countries to think as Germany thinks." (Laughter.) It struck him in considering the way in which Germany had behaved during the last few months that at the bottom of the German mind there was an insufficient power to appreciate fact. The Germans were the most deligent investigators of facts in the world, but their devotion to the examination of facts appeared to be not incompatible with misuse of facts. When the German mind had got a fact it found a phrase or text for it. The German seemed to classify a phrase as a permanent thing. When he classified it he applied an appropriate term to it, and it was dead and did not change. When the Germans got hold, of a fact he supposed that it was the same thing now as when he first labelled it ten or twenty years ago. When the German got hold of the theory that colonies at a certain time dropped away from their mother country he applied that in relation to Great Britain and her colonies as a dictum which had been enunciated thirty or forty years ago, at a time when that view was plausible, and he neglected the many things which had happened in the meantime so that the theory was not only no longer plausible but palpably wrong.

The German never understood that facts had to be seen in the light of their environment and conditions which were incapable of being expressed in their cut-and-dried form. That seemed to be the vital fault of German diplomatists. They were never able to project themselves into the minds of other persons and to understand that things might appear quite different to other persons to what they appeared to them. They measured everybody by themselves, supposed their views to be the only possible views. Consequently they were constantly led into gross and ruinous miscalculations.

THE GERMAN THEORY AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.

We in England and America had a totally different conception of the State to that which Germany had. For the German the State was a tremendous abstraction which was entirely different and stood far above the persons who composed it. To us and to Americans the State was the nation under another name and consisted of the people who formed the nation, and it was only the State in respect of its organisation for certain definite purposes. To the Germans the State was more than that—it was a mystical being, very different from the people which composed it, much wiser and very much more powerful than the people, and with the singular attribute of being entirely exempt from moral consciousness and moral sanction. What would be wicked if done by individuals was, in the German view, not wicked if done by the State, which had no moral responsibility.

That was the explanation of the extraordinary behaviour of the German Government and the German army during the war. The German conception of the State was that it was a mystic being, that it was more an army than a State, compelling obedience by the use of its military power and he could not help feeling that we should never have peace until the Germans could be induced to abandon their theory of an omnipotent and non-moral State. He ventured to hope that after the fallacies dangers, and misconceptions which the experience of the past few months has shown to be due to the conceptions which the Germans had formed of their non-moral State. The Germans would see that no State could flout the honest dictates of morality and humanity with impunity, and that disaster must necessarily follow the challenge to the moral sentiment of the world. Then we might hope that the German people themselves would abandon this conception and revert to those more wholesome principles which they were taught by the greatest of their philosophers—Kant. We must venture to hope that with the practical collapse of this tremendous system their would come a space free for the evolution of other and better ideas which would bring back the German people to that better position which they occupied in the days of Kant and Fichte.

CHARTERED BANK CHEATING CASE.

PROSECUTION SANCTIONED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 25.

The Madras Government have sanctioned the prosecution of M. R. Sundram Iyer, Vakil, High Court, who went to England to give evidence before the Finance Commission. The charge is one of cheating the Chartered Bank.

EMPIRE DAY AT KARACHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, May 25.

Ten thousand people of all classes participated in the Empire Day celebrations in Karachi last evening.

CAMPAIGN IN EAST AFRICA.

GALLANTRY OF INDIAN AND AFRICAN TROOPS.

GERMAN STEAME. . SABLED.

The following communication on the progress of the expedition against German East Africa was issued by the War Office during mail week:—

It will be remembered that early in November, 1914, an attack was made against the seaport town of Tanga, in German East Africa, by a force from India, composed of British and Indian troops, under the command of Major-General A. E. Aitken. The attempt, however, to occupy the town was unsuccessful, owing to the strength of the German forces collected for its defence, and to the difficult nature of the country, which entailed an advance through closely-cultivated plantations against an enemy in well prepared and concealed positions.

The force from India, therefore, reembarked and proceeded to Mombasa, and thus became a part of the British forces engaged in the defence of the British East Africa Protectorate.

Simultaneously with the attack on Tanga an attack had been made on the strong German outpost position of Longido, situated about 40 miles N.W. of the great snow-topped mountain of Kilimand-jaro. This force was composed of East African Mounted Rifles and a battalion of Indian troops with mountain artillery. The German troops were found, however, to be occupying the position in great strength. The attacking column therefore withdrew after having inflicted heavy losses on the enemy. The British troops also suffered considerable losses, which amounted to 1 British officer killed (Capt. H. H. Sandbach), 2 British officers wounded, British other ranks killed 9, wounded or missing 8, Indian ranks killed 9, wounded 23. The German forces holding Longido, apparently realising the danger of a further attack, evacuated the position, which was occupied by our troops on November 17th, 1914, and has since been held by us.

In the middle of September 1914, the German forces from the Tanga district had crossed the Anglo-German frontier at Vanga, and, though heavily repulsed at Gazi on October 7th, 1914, were still maintaining themselves within British territory north of the Umba River. It became desirable, therefore, to institute operations in this part of the Protectorate in order to drive the enemy out of British territory.

A column of about 1,800 men, composed of Indian troops and King's African Rifles, with artillery, was despatched for this purpose. By January 2nd, 1915, the enemy had been driven back within his own border, and the British column, with the assistance of the naval forces had established itself with only slight casualties along the Umba valley; our troops reoccupied the town of Vanga, which had been held by the Germans since the commencement of hostilities, and also occupied an advance post at Jassin, situated about 20 miles within the enemy's territory.

SURRENDER AT JASSIN.

The post of Jassin was held by three companies of Indian Infantry, in all about 300 men. On January 12 a strong German force attacked Jassin, but was repulsed with heavy loss. The Germans, however, having collected a larger force, amounting to about 2,000 troops, with six guns and many machine-guns, again attacked the post on January 18; on this occasion, although every effort was made by the troops from the Umba valley to relieve the garrison, it was found to be impossible to do so in time, for on the morning of January 19, after expending all its ammunition and suffering the loss of their commander, Col. Ragbir Singh, the garrison was compelled to surrender. Both in the defence of Jassin and in the operations undertaken for the relief of the post the General Officer Commanding the Forces in the British East African Protectorate reported that the Indian and African troops engaged fought with the utmost gallantry.

This unfortunate reverse, although unimportant as regards the main operations, resulted in the loss of about 280 men, but the enemy's losses, especially in officers, were serious. In the newspapers of the 22nd inst. is a copy of a Berlin telegram dated the 18th of this month from Amsterdam stating that, "According to official news from German East Africa, strong enemy forces were beaten in a two-days' battle on January 18-19 near Jassin. The enemy lost some 200 killed. Four companies were captured, and the total losses of the enemy were about 700 men. . . . The German losses were seven officers and 11 men killed and 12 officers, two staff surgeons, and 22 men wounded, and two men missing." The actual facts are that, as against the seven German officers killed and 14 wounded, we had one killed and one wounded and four missing only. As to men, whereas the Germans had 11 killed and 22 wounded, we had none killed and 19 wounded. The numbers of our men missing, however, were 242 that is, roughly, two companies, not four, as stated.

ISLAND OF MAFIA OCCUPIED

With the advent of the rainy season the column withdrew from the unhealthy district of the Umba River to the healthier country about Mombasa.

Concurrently with the operations in the Umba valley, an expedition was sent from Mombasa to occupy the German island of Mafia, situated off the coast of German East Africa.

The occupation of the island was sucessfully carried out, with only slight loss, and on January 12 the small German garrison unconditionally surrendered.

Early in January the German forces from Muanza and Shirati, the two German ports on the south-east shore of the Lake Victoria Nyanza, began displaying some activity. It was, therefore, decided to attack and occupy Shirati. This was successfully achieved on January 9th, 1915, practically without loss. Steps had also been taken to arm the British steamers on the Lake Victoria Nyanza, with the result that on March 6th, 1915, the armed steamer Winifred drove ashore and disabled the German steamer Muanza, which was the only armed German steamer on the lake.

On March 12th further fighting took place in the Shirati district, and an action was fought at Utegi near Karunga, between a force of about 300 Germans, with machine-guns, and a body of King's African Rifles and East African Mounted Infantry, in which the German force was defeated and driven back in disorder and with heavy loss into their own territory. In this action Lieut. T. A. D. Thompson and Lieut. G. E. H. Reid, of the 4th King's African Rifles, Lieut. A. G. Sale and Sgt. G. Reid, of the 3rd King's African Rifles, were killed, and 16 men of the King's African Rifles were wounded.

On March 28th, 1915, a small encounter occurred in the Taveta district, in which both sides suffered a few casualties, and an affair of patrols took place on April 11th near the Nolturesh River, which Major W. A. S. Walker, of the 46th Punjabis, was killed.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S SPECIALWAR SERVICE)

The following casualties are announced:—

LONDON, May 24.

KILLED.

Lieut.-Col. R. Gabbett, Welsh Fusiliers.
Capt. G. A. Sandeman, Hampshires.
Capt. L. U. Unwin, Hampshires.
Capt. S. Rait Kerr, Artillery.
Capt. C. F. Ward, Artillery.
Capt. A. C. Cooper, Leicesters.
Capt. R. W. Pearson, Durham, Light Infantry.
Capt. G. M. Mouat, First Londons.
Lieut. H. Hulton Harrop, First Life Guards.
Lieut. M. L. Braithwaite, Artillery (Flying Corps.)
Lieut. H. A. Lane, East Lancashires.
Lieut. A. T. Chapman, East Surreys.
Lieut. W. La Nauze, Irish Rifles.
Lieut. G. Taylor.
Second-Lieut. C. Q. Roberts, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. M. Heath-Caldwell, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. H. Brown, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut. G. Gandy, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut. R. Dennison, Sussex.
Second-Lieut. G. Ramsbotham, Sussex.
Second-Lieut. F. Fidler, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut. O. Waliford, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut. H. T. Miller, East Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. S. B. Blair, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut. G. Crippen, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut. H. L. Edwards, Welsh Fusiliers.

LONDON, May 24.

WOUNDED.

Major C. Crichton, 10th Hussars.
Capt. H. S. Hollis, Medicals.
Capt. H. Robinson, Northumbrian Artillery.
Lieut. R. Edwards, Essex Yeomanry.
Lieut. G. A. Fisher, King's Royal Rifles.
Lieut. T. W. Fitzpatrick, Irish Regiment.
Lieut. A. Prendergast, Hampshires.
Lieut. G. Quayle, Leicesters.
Lieut. F. C. Roberts, Worecesters.
Lieut. the Hon. N. Somerset, Gloucesters.
Lieut. C. Ford, Somersets.
Second-Lieut. H. de Burgh, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. H. Somerville-Smith, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. G. Robb Artillery.
Second-Lieut. L. Tracey, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. G. Blakeney Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. V. Mattocks, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. E. Agius, 3rd Londons.
Second-Lieut. G. S. Baker Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut. A. P. Hamilton, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut. W. M. James, Monmouths.
Second-Lieut. E. Payne, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut. G. Rutherford, Durhams.
Second-Lieut. L. Ward-Price, 2nd Life Guards.
Second-Lieut. H. Webber, Somersets.
Second-Lieut. A. Wimble, Londons.

SUFFERING FROM GAS.

Lieut.-Colonel G. Botterill, 4th Londons.
Capt. R. Nightingale Lancashire Fusiliers.
Capt. A. H. Spooner, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Capt. J. Woodman, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Capt. W. Salt, Army Service Corps.
Lieut. J. W. Evatt, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut. C. Loseby, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut. P. W. James Medicals.
Lieut. G. Leacroft, Somersets.
Second-Lieuts. M. Gamon, R. C. Harris, S. Spicer, all Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. T. Blain, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut. L. Cadic, Essex Regiment.
Second-Lieut. J. V. Gibson, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut. B. Willmott, Essex Regiment.

WOUNDED MISSING.

Lieut.-Colonel E. Deacon, Essex Yeomanry.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut. C. R. Blackett, Shropshires.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 25.

The following names of officers appear in the casualty lists mentioned in the 124th list from France and Belgium:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut. G. Angell, 1st, 7th Gurkhas.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Jemadar Rursingh, 14th Sikhs.

IN THE DARDANELLES.

Photo by "Central News."

The photo shows a caique, with a journalist aboard, taken in tow by a patrolling destroyer engaged in the Dardanelles operations. After a tow of many miles the flagship was reached, and an officer inspected the journalist's papers. The officer pronounced them in order, and added that the Admiral presented his compliments and would be glad to know what won the Grand National.

Captain F. F. Hodgson, 84th Punjabis.
Capt. J. E. G. Carlislie, 107th Pioneers.

WOUNDED.

Jemadar Nur Alam, 20th Company, 3rd Sappers.
Subadar Ali Bahadur, 21st Company, 3rd Sappers.
Jemadar Datadin Bada, 21st Company, 3rd Sappers.
Jemadar Molar, 10th Jats.
Jemadar Gurdit Singh, 15th Sikhs...
Jemadar Bishan Singh, 15th Sikhs.
Subadar Teja Singh, 19th Punjabis, (second time).
Jemadar Bishan Singh, 31st Punjabis.
Jemadar Dewa Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
Jemadar Mangalsingh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
Assistant-Surgeon Harnam Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers..
Second-Lieut. E. G. Hodgson, 40th Punjabis.
Lieut.-Col. C. A. R. Hutchinson, 41st Dogras.
Lieut. H. R. Vaughan (I.A.R.O.).
Subadar Mangal Singh, 52nd Sikhs
Subadar Arsala Khan Bahadur, 57th Wiles Rifles.
Jemadar Sujagar Singh, 57th Wildes Rifles.

Jemadar Hayat Khan Gungaram, 57th Wildes Rifles.
Major A. G. Thomson, 58th Vaughan's Rifles.
Jemadar Zarim Khan, 59th Scinde Rifles
Jemadar Ali Mohamed, 59th Scinde Rifles.

Jemadar Rahim Dad Khan, 84th Punjabis.
Jemadar Didan Khan, 124th Baluchis.
Jemadar Sher Jang, 124th Baluchis.
Subadar Zerghur Shah, 127th Baluchis.
Subadar Turkistan, 129th Baluchis.
Jemadar Rahim Alf Ghaffar Khan, 129th Baluchis.
Jemadar Khaista Khan, Gudies Infantry.
Subadar Sasidhar Thapa, 1st Gurkhas. (second time).
4th list from Mediterranean Force:—

KILLED.

Lieut. M. D. Spankie, 14th Sikhs.

WOUNDED.

Subadar Jawola Singh, 26th Mountain Battery.
Jemadar Khuda Butu, 26th Mountain Battery.
Captain G. Channer, 14th Sikhs.
Lieut. J. P. Gulland, 69th Punjabis.

SIMLA, May 25.

The following are the names of officers in the 125th list of casualties reported from France and Belgium:—

KILLED.

Jemadar Badha Singh, Guides Infantry.
Jemadar Kirpa Singh, 57th Wildes Rifles.

WOUNDED.

Capt. E. W. Antram, 9th Linconshire, (attached 1st Gurkhas).
Subadar Harnam Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
Subadar-Major Sahibulla, 40th Pathans.
Subadar Malapa Gulodu, 40th Pathans.
Subadar Jahan Khan, 40th Pathans.
Jemadar Kurdanlal, 40th Pathans.
Jemadar Ghulam Mohiuddin, 40th Pathans.
Jemadar Kadi Shek, 40th Pathans.
Jemadar Janak Singh, 40th Pathans.
Jemadar Mahrah Din, 40th Pathans.

"MILES OF SMILES."

WIFE'S TROUBLES DESCRIBED IN MATRIMONIAL SUIT.

Singular allegations were made against a Palmer's Green commercial traveller in the Divorce Court on April 28, when his wife, Mrs. Caroline Lucy Rogulski, petitioned for a judicial separation on the ground of his alleged cruelty. The husband, Mr. G. H. Rogulski, denied his wife's allegations and counter-charged her with cruelty.

Mr. Barnard, K.C., for the wife, said the parties were married in February, 1905, and afterwards lived at Fox-lane, Palmer's Green. There were three children. From about 1910 the respondent drank and frequently assaulted his wife. In December, 1913, he turned her out into the street, clad only in her nightdress. It was a cold night, and she had to break the glass panel in the door to let herself in.

At Christmas he banged her head on the table until she consented to sign a document which stated—falsely—that she had taken 2s. from his pocket on two previous nights. Later the husband told his wife he was going about with another woman, and subsequently she found a postcard written by the respondent stating:

My darling Babs,—Smile away! And while you smile another smiles: soon there are miles of smiles. Is love worth while because I smile?

Loved your note to-day, Babs. Will be there at time you say. Fondest love and kisses till then. . . We won't half be happy, will we, with no one to curse our presence. Good-bye, duckie, in haste. —Yours still, Rogey.

Mr. Rawlinson, K.C., explained that as Mr. Rogulski had missed things from his pocket, this letter was written and placed in his pocket-book.

Mr. Barnard did not accept that explanation. He added that Mr. Rogulski finally took all the children away, refusing to let his wife know where they were. Later he removed all the furniture from the house.

Other witnesses were called, and the hearing was adjourned.

HUJAZ STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—Would any of your readers kindly give through the medium of your paper any information regarding The Shah Steam Navigation Co. Ld., (latterly known as Bombay-Hujaz Steam Navigation Co.) for the benefit of its unfortunate victims, by which I mean its shareholders? Except for a year or two after its inception no report or accounts were ever vouchsafed to the writer in spite of repeated remonstrances, which I think was fairly typical of the Company's attitude towards the whole body of its shareholders

May I appeal to you to enquire into and ventilate this class of public grievance?—Yours, etc.,

"SHAREHOLDER."

INDIAN WHEAT EXPORTS.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF GOVERNMENT SCHEME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 25.

Further particulars are published of the scheme now in operation for the regulation of wheat exports from India. The commission paid to firms employed as agents has been fixed at three pence per quarter (approximately), half-an-anna per maund for buying and three pence per quarter for selling, plus one-eighth per cent. as guarantors of buyers in the United Kingdom.

As regards financing the possibility of arranging so as not to interrupt or diminish the drawing and negotiation of bills, which takes plac in normal years, has been most carefully gone into by the Government of India and Secretary of State, but it has been found that any arrangement to this end would have involved cost to the taxpayer for interest and other charges which can be avoided, since the balances of the Government of India and the Secretary of State will suffice to provide without outside help for the outlay on the purchase of wheat. The Secretary of State has, therefore, decided that the Government of India shall place funds from their own resources at the disposal of the agent firms. This arrangement has the advantage of simplicity, since the transactions between England and India in connection with the purchases to be made and paid for in India will be avoided.

Special arrangements will be made in respect of any sums provided by the agent firms for the purchase of wheat on Government account before the publication of the above decision. The firms will have the option of taking re-payment either in India or (at the rate of one shilling and four pence the rupee) in England. In the latter case payment will be made at the date on which a demand bill would reach England.

"HOW I LOST A THRONE."

EX-KHEDIVE'S ACCOUNT OF HIS BREAK WITH BRITAIN.

Mr. Karl von Wiegand, the "New York World's" German correspondent, has secured an interview with Abbas II., the ex-Khedive of Egypt, who is living in the Imperial Hotel, Vienna.

The ex-Khedive, who was dressed in a "plain business suit" and looking like a successful business man, refused to be drawn into any discussion on the probable outcome of the war. He refrained even from predicting the success of the Turks. This is his account of the manner in which he lost his throne, given in reply to the simple question, "How is it that you are in Vienna instead of Cairo?"

"I was in Constantinople recovering from a wound inflicted by a would-be assassin when the war broke out. I intended to leave immediately for Egypt, but the English advised me not to hurry back, telling me that everything was quiet in Egypt, but that the weather was too hot for me in Cairo.

"When it became evident that Turkey would be involved in the war Sir Louis Mallet informed me that I should leave Constantinople and go to Italy and remain there during the war. I refused to go to Italy. That caused a break between me and the English and explains why I am in Vienna instead of Cairo."

Evading a number of questions asked, Abbas II. closed the interview with an elaborate panegyric of the United States and the influence of Americans on Egypt.

(*Continued from Column 6.*)

During the whole of to-night uninterrupted heavy artillery fire has been going on; all night long rockets have been lighting everything up from the forts. The Russians this morning began the bombardment of the town. Two shells burst close to the hospital, the windows were blown to bits. To-day we had no bread.

March 20.—They say that the garrison has failed to break through! In the hospital, in spite of the tragedy being enacted, the men amuse themselves in drawing caricatures.

March 21.—To-day is the third day we have had no bread. Our Mother Superior sold a cow for £140 and a three-day-old calf for £12 10s. A dog costs £2 10s. The recent gloomy weather has changed to sunny. The snow has thawed already. The River San is free of ice. They say the Austrians have burned 21 millions worth of paper money, four aeroplanes, and have destroyed as far as possible all stores and carriages. They have thrown the guns into the San River. Just before turning in they warned us that the forts and bridges in the town would be blown up at 4 in the morning.

March 22.—The fortress is surrendering. The artillery fired up to 5 a.m. At 5-30 a.m., explosions were heard, at first separately, but later a regular hell was let loose. We opened the windows so that they should not be broken. The sun had already risen, and the plumes of smoke, lit up by the sun, presented a beautiful scene. The thunder and crash of the explosions went on uninterruptedly. It was impossible to get near a window, one was flung backwards. The panic had become terrible. At every explosion the doors were blown open. Bridges, powder magazines, stores, everything was blown up in two hours. The Ruthenes were overjoyed at the Russian victory. We could no longer remain in the hospital and for the first time we went out into the streets. Our soldiers were embracing the Austrian soldiers. In one place a ring had been formed and our cavalry men were dancing with the Ruthene women. All the footpaths were thronged with people.

M. Sorokeen ends his story by telling how the Russians occupied the fortress, and he was sent home to Russia.

PRZEMYSL FROM WITHIN.

VIVID PICTURE OF SIEGE LIFE

WOUNDED RUSSIAN'S DIARY.

"The Times" published the following article by a wounded Russian, F. V. Sorokeen, who by noting down what he saw and heard while lying wounded in Przemysl preserved an interesting picture of the conditions obtaining in the fortress, and the hopes and fears of the besieged garrison.

The writer was believed to have been killed, but had, in fact, been wounded by shrapnel on October 9, and, being left on the ground in front of Przemysl, was taken prisoner and carefully nursed in the hospital. One of the most interesting parts of the diary is the reference to the expected relief of the fortress in the middle of February, when the Austrians sweeping over the Carpathians made an irresistible advance till they were brought up by the desperate battles on the hill of Kosziowa. The writer's notes and diary were sent to a Russian newspaper, and the following is a translation of the chief parts of his narrative:—

In Przemysl I was placed in the officers' hospital of the Nunnery of Felicitas. The Mother Superior, a Pole and an inhabitant of Kieff, took the greatest care of me, badly wounded as I was. Thanks to her treatment and the skill of the Austrian surgeons. I pulled through a dangerous crisis. After three months I was able to write down my impressions in a note-book.

We lived at first in first-class style, but by degrees the provisions of the fortress became exhausted. Horse meat was taken into use. To start with, they gave it to the hospital servants, then also to the soldiers, and lastly to us. The civil population suffered most. They lived in a state of hunger and cold; even firewood had run out. A fowl cost 24s., an egg 10d., bread was out of the question, it could be obtained nowhere. The children died in scores; everywhere was weeping and lamentation.

Our doctor told us how our unwounded soldiers were cared for; they slept on uncarpeted asphalt floors, their linen was never changed, and the vermin were awful.

EXPECTED RELIEF OF THE FORTRESS.

February 10.—Rumours are going round that an army of 800,000 from Austria is advancing, and that on March 2, the fortress will be relieved; already they are starting sorting out the wounded—who shall be sent, and where. Labels of different colours have been provided, which show who is to be provided with lying accommodation and who with sitting. Even the hour of the evacuation of the wounded from Przemysl has been notified.

February 14.—A severe bmbardment started which did not finish even at night. The 17th and 18th February have been appointed for a sortie. They hope, whatever it may cost, to break through our lines.

. . . But the sortie was unsuccessful; on the evening of February 18 they began to bring in the wounded.

March 1.—The expected relief of Przemysl has not taken place. A spirit of ill-omen broods around. Even the victorious telegrams have ceased. The provisions evidently are coming to an end, although still we are not suffering hunger, except as far as sugar goes. For the last 10 days we have had to imagine it in our drink. But the Mother Superior has come to our rescue, and secretly bought five kilos of it from the Austrians. Yesterday they issued bread to the hospital staff, at the rate of 1lb. a week.

March 7.—A few days ago the order was published that salutes should be given to all Russian officers. An order has also issued that a sum of 1s. 4d. a day per officer will be retained for food. This payment is retrospective, and will be taken for every day spent in hospital. And so we have been presented with fairly long bills, a colonel having to pay £12 10s. This is very hard for the poor lieutenant. Hunger is felt now. Our doctor has told us that there have been a number of deaths from starvation.

March 15.—Severe frosts have set in. The cold is terrible. Food is getting scarcer and scarcer. The dinner ration is getting very small. The soldiers' dinner consists of a little white beetroot (cattle food) with a mixture of some sort of acid stuff.

March 17.—Four days ago they requisitioned the cows of all the inhabitants, in spite of the beseeching and crying of the women and children. The servants and orderlies have been warned that bread will be issued to-morrow for the last time. The day after to-morrow one ration for every four. Our wretched orderly imagines that by washing his stomach with hot water now and then during the day he loses the wish to eat.

SURRENDER IMMINENT.

The Sisters of Mercy tell us that in the city they openly talk of the speedy surrender of the fortress. The Austrian administration have told us that we must have money to hand over on deposit. This, if you please, on the eve of surrender! Absurb? We have all agreed not to hand over a penny. All day yesterday the artillery crashed from the forts. They say that in two directions from the fortress a force of 70,000 men this morning advanced to try and break through towards the Carpathians. To-day all forts and bridges are to be blown up. There remain in the fortress 40,000 soldiers incapable of fighting. Medicines also have run out. For a long time there has been no soap or vaseline. Iodine for a couple of days only is left. The wounded even are not getting bread now, they are giving them the last of the biscuits. The Austrian officers are already arranging and packing for the journey into Russia.

(*Continued on Column 5.*)

A PAGE FOR THE HOME.

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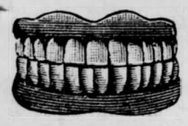

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(Continued on 6th column.)

FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 30.

Taffetas is every bit as popular a material this spring season as it was during the whole of last year; and it is used for evening frocks as well a for day outdoor gowns. Indeed, the fabric lends itself admirably to the presnt fashion of frilled skirts; and the effect of a three-decker in the delightful material is quaint and dainty to a degree, as there is a little crispness and spring in it that give the outstanding flare better than anything else does. It is used to cover toque and hat shapes as well as to make up into frocks. Both for day and evening wear the short skirt is high in favour, and the width at the hem varies from three to four and a half yards. The skirt is nearly always gathered or yoked to set tightly and flatly on the hips; and the flounces are often edged with a picot. The natty little "jackets" that accompany the frilled skirts are very charming, finished, as they almost invariably are, with lawn as white as snow at neck and sometimes at wrists as well.

A SPRING COSTUME.

Our picture shows a very smart costume for spring wear, its component parts being myrtle-green gabricord, braided to match, and black satin. Moire may be substituted for the latter material. The military collar and the deep belt are of the black fabric, and the vest and high-upstanding collar of organdi gauze. The accompanying hat is of black straw, trimmed with Malmaison carnations. The skirt is short and wide, in prevailing mode, and the soutache that trims bodice and sleeves is repeated all round the upper part of the skirt. The tiny coat is reminiscent of the "Eton" style, though in this case it is cut all in one; and it will be observed that the sleeves "bell" a little after reaching the elbow.

SMART BOLERO SUIT.

The accompanying illustration shows a delightful bolero suit made of white box cloth—a beautiful fabric for spring wear on sunny days. It is trimmed with white bone buttons in groups; and the large sailor collar and sash are of black velvet. Of the latter material, too, is the becoming hat, though the brim is transparent, being composed of black areophane. The only note of colour in the whole costume is one cerise silk rose which completes the hat, being posed under the brim at the back. It would be difficult to choose a costume more simply smart and yet more practical. Black and white in combination is ever a "safe" choice.

THE NEW SAILOR HAT.

One of the very latest expressions is presented here. It is made of peacock-blue Belgian straw; and the trimming is one large tarnished-metal apple, with its foliage. The veil, which is thrown back from the face and front, is of black lace, and it is draped gracefully in the latest mode. The hat is larger than some examples of the "sailor" we have seen lately, and is indeed quite big enough to act as a protection from the sun's rays. It is worn at a very becoming angle, being slightly tilted on the right side. The crown is quite low and round.

CONCERNING SALMON AND ITS COOKING.

"Emilia" gives the following recipes for Salmon cooking in "The Bystander."

Boiled Salmon and Sauce Tartare
Salmon a la Maitre d'Hotel
Mayonnaise of Salmon
Salmon Souffle Salmon Cutlets

BOILED SALMON AND SAUCE TARTARE

The fish must be carefully cleaned. Put it in the fish-kettle with enough boiling salted water to cover it, add a little vinegar, and simmer gently till the fish is done. Garnish with parsley and cut slices of lemon, and serve with Sauce Tartare.

Sauce Tartare—Beat up the yolks of two eggs, add a pinch of salt, pepper, and a tablespoonful of tarragon vinegar. When well mixed stir in a teaspoonful of made mustard, and also add a teaspoonful of parsley and a few capers, chop these very small, and put into the sauce.

SALMON A LA MAITRE D'HOTEL.

Procure the middle cut of salmon, divide into half-inch slices, and then mix on a plate two tablespoonfuls of the best salad oil, a teaspoonful of salt and pepper, and turn the slices of fish in this on both sides. Place under a gas broiler, and broil for five minutes on each side. Place in a very hot dish, spread maitre d'hotel butter over them (butter mixed with lemon-juice, salt and parsley finely chopped). Garnish with fresh parsley and serve.

MAYONNAISE OF SALMON.

Remove all bones and skin from the fish, and arrange it neatly in a silver dish. Make a mayonnaise sauce, and have ready some lettuce, cress, cucumber, and a hard-boiled egg. Shortly before the salmon is required, pour the mayonnaise sauce over. It should be sufficiently solid to coat the fish thickly. Garnish with sieved yolk of egg and coraline pepper, arranged in alternate cross-bars. Surround with shred lettuce sliced cucumber, cress, and garnish at intervals with slices of tomato and hard-bolied egg. The dish only takes a few minutes to put together if all the ingredients are at hand, and must not be allowed to lie for long in the sauce, or the contents will become sodden.

SALMON SOUFFLE.

Make a sauce with 1oz. of butter, ½oz. of flour, a quarter of a pint of milk. Stir until it thickens. Add one teaspoonful of anchovy sauce and the yolk of an egg. Rub 2oz. of cooked salmon through a sieve. Season well with salt and cayenne. Add the fish to the other ingredients. Last of all, stir in the stiffly beaten white of an egg. Put a buttered paper round, half fill with the mixture, and bake in a quick oven.

MISS DALY OF DALY'S.

Reproduced from "The Bystander."

Who plays the part of Jane in "Betty" the new Musical play by Mr. George Edwardes at Daly's Theatre.

REGENERATED FASHION OF MIND.

DANDY'S DIAGNOSIS

Under the heading of "The New Fashion" M. Marcel Boulenger analyses not the latest cut of skirt, but the regenerated fashion of mind that must strike those who mix at all intimately in the life of the French to-day, and, more than all the French themselves. Outside the army in the field, what is left, Women, children, and thinkers, all of them meditating on their absent dear ones, on their dangers, their glories, and their hopes.

Wherefore it is no longer a question of major importance whether such and such a colour or shape of costume is most elegant or best calculated to attract attention out on the contrary, the slightest excess of luxury in dress would call forth general reprobation in anyone with pretensions to respect and esteem. 'And it is not only in dress and adornment, but in tone of voice, gesture, and deportment that the most extreme sobriety is now the mark of good taste and the fashion. The new fashion is set largely by the admirable texts of the official communiques, passing over with adorable simplicity the most heroic actions, and disdaining all boasting and noise over deeds which will cover their authors with imperishable renown in the history which will one day be written.

A SUBTLE CHANGE.

It is very difficult to define the subtle change in the atmosphere of Paris, and M. Boulenger touches thus on some of the more noticeable elements that go to make up the difference. "For example," he writes, "the sort of wicked and perpetual criticism of others, the indefatigable bite that we call 'rosserie' (spiteful trickery), throws us back at once to the time of the Exhibition of 1890. Finished is all that bad taste! An attractive woman or a correct man no longer knows undying animosity.

"Society no longer resembles a closed ring in which every one begins to skirmish as soon as he enters. It is not now between four walls, but in Flanders and the Woevre that the fight is set, with fearful thunders that kill, instead of exchanging without truce words without result between intimate enemies. Acrimony has fallen out of date, and bitterness has seen its day, with mockery on its death-bed. Do not conclude that we never mock at anything, but nobody feels it is his bounden duty to do so, and it requires closer study to discover the fact. Ill nature shocks and bores, while good will is popular, and also gentleness—we feel ourselves so strong from now onwards—and patience, which ends by conquering all. Our spirit, grown more proud, has broadened, strengthened with a better quality, and it was needed!

"Yesterday there was nothing but tangoes, pleasures of the theatre, rustle of pearls, tumultous suppers, wild gatherings; in a word, any and every pretext for having to speak as little as possible. Now, how do the exiles from the front pass their time? They meet to think together, and no longer are ashamed to touch upon very thorny subjects of conversation."

ANTI-FRIVOLITY SERUM.

Thus far M. Boulenger—famous dandy, sportsman, and caustic penman, who is now among the prophets. Nobody is better qualified than he by past experience of "high life," in which he was always a conspicuous figure. He puts the indefinable and imponderable change that has come over Paris with his accustomed elegance and mastery of language. Perhaps it may be added that the root of the change is in the trenches and hospitals. It is the splendid spirit of the army that filters through the wounded, and comes like an elixir in the pages of the millions of letters that the men write home to their families, that has probably inoculated the population, and more particularly that of Paris, with an anti-toxic serum against all the futile and pernicious frivolities of last year.

Compare the epistles found on German prisoners and read with those of the French, and the columns of the German Press, filled with the ravings of hate, with the noble speeches and articles daily appearing in Paris papers, and you have the secret of what M. Boulenger calls the "new fashion."—"The Standard."

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" SHOPPER'S LIST.

(Continued from 1st column.)

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BRIBING THE CHILDREN.

"Oh, Jack, before you start to school, just run to the grocer's with this odrer, will you?"

"Oh, mother, must I? I really haven't time. There are those films I want to develop."

"But I must have the order left. Go, there's a good boy, and I will give you that shilling I promised you, for something or other. . . ."

Of course, Master Jack went with his mother's order to the grocer, and films had to be left, says "E.L." in the "Daily Chronicle." A shilling made it worth his while to put off his own concerns for a little time, and attend to his mother's demands. But is this not rather an instance of bribery and corruption? How often do we hear parents bribing their children to perform little duties which ought to call for no reward? "Do this for me, and then I will give you so and so"; and the converse of this is—"If you do that again I shall . . ." which is, in its way, quite as bad as the bribe.

We agree, in our calmer moments, that it is wrong to threaten children, and to try to intimidate them into obeying our behests. It is equally wrong to seek by means of a bribe to obtain services from them; for it is putting not only ourselves, but our children into a false position. We know that they work, not for us, but for the reward, and that, if it were not for the hope of what they will gain, we should not receive the service from them.

This question of reward for work is a vexed one right through the life of men and women. We start, in our cradles, with the hope of reward. It looms large and ever larger through our daily life, until in the end it has grown to be so large and so important a factor in our existence that it obstructs the whole of our vision.

HONEST LABOUR.

That we are right in expecting some return for what we do is an undoubted truism. We have numberless examples all about us, of reward for honest labour. If we till the ground and plant the seed, we expect, and rightly, that some good fruit will result, and not weeds. No man plants wheat and calmly looks for a crop of thistles. And no woman expends her strength and time on cleansing and beautifying her house and at the end expects that it will look as dirty and neglected as it did when she commenced her labours. We do not willingly give our strength for that which profiteth nothing; but, on the other hand, in some of the affairs of life, we do look for the reward in a more material sense than is either wise or right. And in nothing do we err more, perhaps, than in training our children to look for some return for every act that they perform for our benefit.

A QUEEN'S RESOLVE.

In a recent number of "L'Illustration" Pierre Loti describes a visit he paid to the Queen of the Belgians. "Remembering," he writes, "that the young martyred Queen was a Bavarian Princess, I ventured to recall how the Bavarians in the German army had disapproved the persecution of this daughter of their race, and had even expressed their indignation when their monstrous chief sought to drop his bombs on the children of the Queen. But the Queen, raising her little hand in one of those gestures which signify something final and irremediable, quietly and solemnly pronounced the phrase which, in the tense silence, fell like an irrevocable condemnation: 'It is over for ever. Between them and me has fallen a curtain of iron.'"

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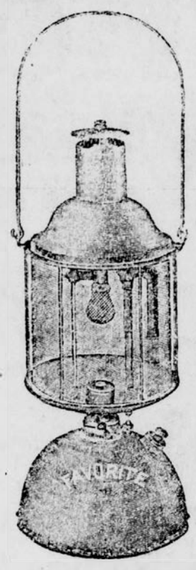

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LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

SEDITIOUS PROPAGANDA ON BOARD A SHIP.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, May 25.

In the Lahore conspiracy case the Special Commissioners met again to-day at 10 a.m. when the accused and counsel were present as before.

Kapur Singh, Sahukar of Padri Kalan, corroborated fully Sirdar Ali's evidence regarding Lal Singh's bad character, the visit of suspicious persons to his place and the latter's abortive attempt to commit a dacoity. The witness stated that Lal Singh had spoken of his grievances and the arrangements they had made to get arms from Bengal and collect a large party of dacoits.

Cross-examined by Dr. M. Alam, the witness replied he had never given evidence against Lal Singh in any previous case nor was he present at Padu when the police reached the village of Bhuri to investigate into the case.

Bahadur Singh of Padri deposed similarly.

Mr. Troup of the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, said that Rash Behari Bose was head clerk under him, that the two photographs shown to him were very like him, particularly the left one, that the witness had frequent opportunities of seeing Rash Behari Bose's writing and that of the two slips of paper shown to him was most probably his writing and a part of the other was certainly his.

PINGLEY'S VISIT.

Sahib Singh, son of Mahi Singh, Hawaldar, Municipal Police, Shanghai, who came to India from Shanghai with his mother in the company of Mula Singh, an approver, deposed to the visit of Pingley to Mula Singh on board the ship, the visit of Mula Singh to the witness's village and to the doctor's shop at Amritsar where he met Harnam Singh. The boy identified both Pingley and Harnam Singh of Sialkot in the Court. Mula Singh sent a letter to Indir Singh and Sur Singh through Hukam Singh Mehra. The last named corroborated the statement.

Banta Singh, a goldsmith, Tahal Singh, Channan Singh and Beli Ram of Virpal gave evidence regarding the melting of gold jewellery—the proceeds of the Chabba dacoity as deposed by Mula Singh and other witnesses.

Lambardar Rur Singh, a goldsmith, Bur Singh and shoemaker Pajju corroborated certain items in the evidence of Mula Singh and other witnesses connected with the Chabba dacoity.

THE VOYAGE FROM SHANGHAI.

Sohan Singh, a returned emigrant, deposed to his return to India from Shanghai on the ship chartered by Nidhan Singh, the seditious resolve of 70 Indians on board the ship and their inflammatory speeches and the conversation which he had with a number of the accused in India, the latter always asking the witness to join them in dacoities, to collect money, buy arms and fight against the Government.

Cross-examined by the counsel for defence, the witness said Nidhan Singh had lectured twice or thrice against the Government on board the ship. The Indians paid their fares to Nidhan Singh, who were not the members of his party. In the case at Shanghai Jaggat Singh gave no evidence against the witness who was the accused, not even Ujjagar Singh the brother of Jaggat Singh.

Ala Singh, Lambardar of Bhagua Kalan, deposed against one of the accused.

Uddhan Singh, an approver, began to make a statement which was not finished when the Court rose for a short interval.

THE CHABBA DACOITY.

Udham Singh's statement was confined to the narration of the main incidents of the Chabba dacoity but he unfolded the story in detail from the beginning, describing how some Sikh residents of the neighbouring villages recently returned from America, talked of their alleged grievances against the British Government, how they conspired to raise a standard of revolt, how they planned the Chabba dacoity as a means of securing funds to collect arms, material for bombs, etc., how they asked witness and his father to join and how they appealed to the last named for assistance in men. Udham Singh gave a full account of the consultation at Jhar Gurdwara which was selected as a gathering place, being a lonely and out of the way spot. When witness's father returned home from America a few days after the meeting at Jhar he told him everything. His father said that he too had come back from America for the purpose of taking part in the movement against the British Government. Shortly after witness, his father and some of the accused had repeated opportunities of meeting each other while going to and returning from Amritsar in connection with a case. On these occasions they talked of and matured a plan to commit a dacoity at Chabba. Witness was told that Mula Singh had also promised to supply some men as they needed a large party to carry off the booty which they expected to find at Chabba. Some men were also sounded and induced to join by witness, the service of a blacksmith having been secured for breaking open doors, locks, iron-safes etc. Witness described a party of 16 men that set out for Chabba at midnight and the arms and bombs with which they were provided. He then gave a detailed account of the dacoity at Beli Ram's house with all attendent circumstances. Only 12 out of the original party of 16 men walked back to a pond outside the village, four of their companions not having rejoined them that night. Here they were offered a part of the booty if they wanted it. But all of them refused to take any portion as the original understanding was that booty would be utilised for the purchase of arms and chemicals of bombs, but that if any one stood in need of money he could get a few rupees. The party then dispersed, dividing into various groups.

Sawan Singh whose hand had been hit by a bomb piece, was told to go back to his village and gave out that he had been hurt in the villagers' struggle with the dacoits. Accordingly he went back. Udham Singh and a few companions went to Amritsar with the booty where they stopped at Sant Gulab Singh's Dharmsala and handing over the jewellery to Mula Singh, witness returned to his village in the evening. He then briefly described the incidents which led up to his own arrest by the police. Witness identified in Court most of those who were concerned in the Chabba dacoity.

THE DELHI CONSPIRACY CASE.

PRIVY COUNCIL APPEAL DISMISSED

(Present.—The Lord Chancellor, Lord Dunedin, Lord Atkinson, Sir George Farwell, Sir John Edge, and Mr. Ameer Ali.—Judicial Committee.)

The petition of Basant Kumar and three other Indians who were sentenced to death fora conspiracy to murder and for murder, for special leave to appeal from their conviction and sentence by the Chief Court of the Punjab was rejected by the Judicial Committee on April 27 after argument.

A similar petition by a fifth appellant who was originally acquitted, but was afterwards convicted on appeal by the Chief Court and sentenced to transportation for life, was part heard.

Sir Robert Finlay, K.C., and Mr. B. Dube were counsel for the petitioners; Sir William Garth appeared for the Crown.

Sir Robert Finlay said that there were five petitioners—viz., Basant Kumar, Amir Chand, Avad Bihari, Balmokand, and Chandra Das. They were all charged with a conspiracy to murder and with murder under the Indian Penal Code. The person murdered was one Rampadarath, who was killed in the Lawrence Gardens at Lahore on May 17, 1913, by the explosion of a bomb. The petitioners and others were arrested on the information of one Dinanath, an approver, and, after a preliminary examination before a magistrate, were tried by Mr. M. H. Harrison, Special Sessions Judge at Delhi, with the aid of three native assessors. They were all charged with being parties to a criminal conspiracy to commit murder and in pursuance thereof with murdering Rampadarath. On October 6, 1914, the Sessions Judge and the assessors acquitted Chandra Das and some others, but convicted the four remaining petitioners. On appeal to the Chief Court of the Punjab the sentence of transportation on Basant Kumar was altered to a sentence of death, and Chandra Das, who had been acquitted, was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life. From these sentences the petitioners now sought special leave to appeal.

THE EVIDENCE OF AN ACCOMPLICE.

The case against these men was based on the evidence of a person who had been an accomplice. Mr. Harrison held that there was corroboration of that evidence, and mentioned various points. He (Sir Robert Finalay) would ask their Lordships to say that these were not material points. The corroboration necessary was corroboration that went to the guilt of the persons accused. As a matter of law there could be a conviction on the evidence of an accomplice, but as in English law, so the Indian Code laid down the qualification that as a matter of practice the Judge should tell the jury not to rely upon the unsupported testimony of an accomplice.

Lord Atkinson.—A matter of prudent guidance.

Sir Robert Finlay.—Precisely; and I think that really is the effect of the Indian section. I do not put it as high as that there must be some corroboration, but that the jury may, if they please, believe the evidence of an accomplice. The Court of Criminal Appeal here will quash a conviction if the presiding Judge did not caution the jury that they were not bound to act on the unsupported testimony of an accomplice. In India they leave untouched the policy that the Judge should caution the jury to be very careful as to the weight to be attributed to an accomplice.

Counsel went on to say that what he proposed to show was that there was no corroboration at all in the sense in which corroboration was used in the section of the Indian Penal Code. There was no doubt corroboration on a good many minor points of the accomplice's story, but there was no corroboration which supported him as to the guilt of the accused, which was the material question.

The Lord Chancellor.—Take your own proposition. Supposing the Court had said, "We think this unconfirmed evidence ought to be believed and we convict." Could we disturb that?

Sir Robert Finlay submitted that it was a matter of great importance that the views taken on that subject by the Chief Court should be argued before and reviewed by their Lordships, especially as four of the men were under sentence of death.

The Lord Chancellor said that this was evidently a question of principle. Their Lordships were as anxious to listen to counsel's arguments as he was to argue, more especially as men's lives were at stake, but he was bound to say, speaking for himself, that had the learned counsel put a smaller case he would not have listened as long. They must never lose sight of the fact that their Lordships were not a Court of Criminal Appeal.

After some further observations by Sir Robert Finlay.

The Lord Chancellor intimated that as regards the first four petitioners they were unable to advise his Majesty to grant special leave to appeal.

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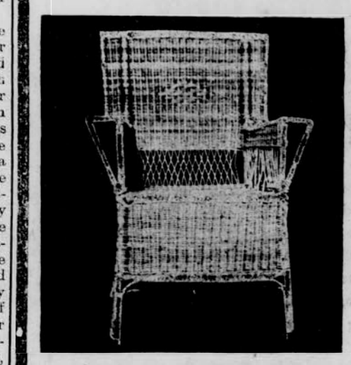

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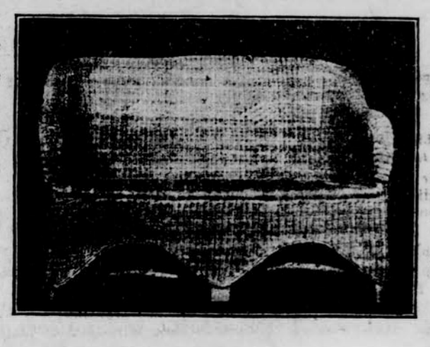

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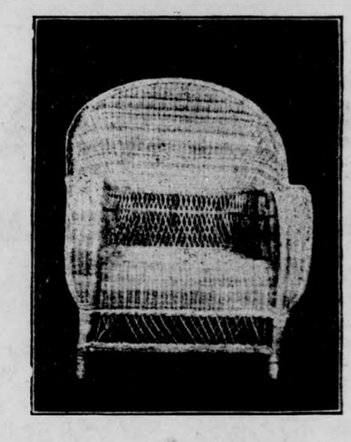

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QUESTION OF REDUCED RAILWAY RATES.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 25.

A communique states that the Railway Board have addressed the subjoined letter to the Railway administrations on a subject which is of considerable commercial importance, especially at the present time. Applicants for the particular concession of the nature alluded to in the letter frequently are unaware of the complexity of the issues raised by the proposed alteration of railway rates. Such a change in one rate may frequently involve a variety of considerations as regards its effect on a number of others. Questions of competition with similar traffic elsewhere, undue preference, etc., to name only one or two of the issues arising from an apparently simple proposal, are often far reaching and important and call for careful examination before a decision can be arrived at. These considerations are to be taken into account by the administrative officer of the Railway and all the railways directly concerned and it is to them that the interested persons should address themselves to enable the railway officers to form a fair opinion of the prospects held out by a proposal of the kind. It is essential that they should be given full information as to the nature of the consignments, the probable amount and destination of traffic likely to be offered, etc., If full particulars be supplied the Railway Board are confident that every encouragement will be secured to the special industry to which the letter refers.

RAILWAY BOARD'S RECOMMENDATION.

The Railway Board have issued the following to the principal Railways:—

I am directed to address you on the subject of the assistance to be rendered by railways in the development of industries in this country. The question has been raised specifically of late by applications which the Railway Board have received for the reduction of rates. These applications had reference as a rule to the special circumstances of the time. But the matter has also a general aspect and the administrations of railways have it in their power to do much for the encouragement of new industries by the quotation of favourable rates for the carriage of the raw material required in manufacture and of the finished product. The permanent establishment of industries in adjacent areas cannot fail directly or indirectly to increase the business of a railway and to secure these advantages it may even be found remunerative to incur a temporary loss during the initial stages of development. The Railway Board are confident that these considerations have already influenced the policy of your Company, but they think it desirable to bring them prominently to your attention at a time like the present when the exceptional conditions created by the War offer an unique opportunity for the revival of certain local industries, which have hitherto languished owing to foreign competitions and for the possible creation of others. Many articles hitherto imported had been excluded from the Indian markets, while the cost of others has been largely increased. As you are aware the Government of India are making a special endeavour to take advantage of this opportunity and the Railway Board's object in inviting your attention to the subject is to secure your co-operation in doing all that is possible for the encouragement of the indigenous industry. The Railway Board are of opinion that cases will occur in which the quotation of special rates at the present time will lead to the establishment of industries with such initial difficulty that would be met with in normal circumstances and that there is ample prospect that these industries will lead to a permanent increase of the productivity of the areas in which they have been begun to the mutual advantage of railways and their clientele.

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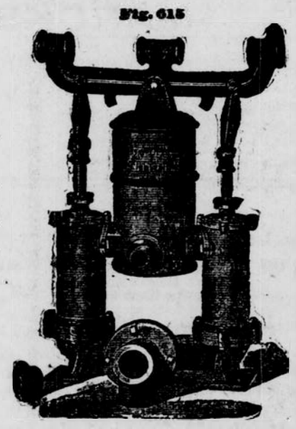

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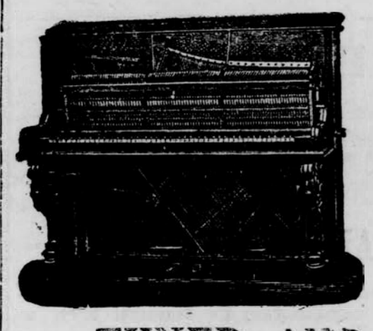

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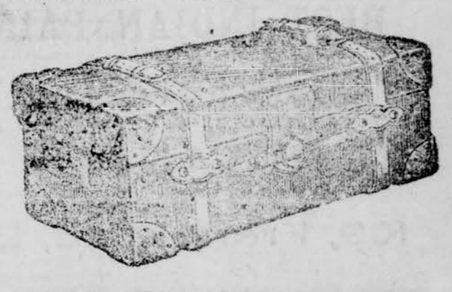

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